

The Times

LOS ANGELES

XIVth YEAR.—12 PAGES.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 27, 1895.

PER WEEK, 20c;
PER MONTH, 85c; FIVE CENTS

A MUSEMENTS—

With Dates of Events.

New Los Angeles 981 Ardenia Street, March 17.
H. C. WYATT, Manager.
Four Nights and Saturday Matinee, March 27, 28, 29 and 30.
Engagement of the Beautiful and Artistic California Actress

MISS MARIE BURROUGHS,

Supported by her own excellent company direct from the Baldwin Theater.

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY NIGHTS, "JUDAH."

Henry Arthur Jones's powerful play.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS AND SATURDAY MATINEE,

Arthur W. Pinero's widely-discussed play.

★ "THE PROFLIGATE." ★

PRICES—\$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.50.

Seats on Monday, March 25.

OPHEUM—

S. MAIN ST., BET. FIRST AND SECOND.
WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, MARCH 25.

8—NEW STARS—8

LES FOUR DIEZ,
ADELE PURVIS ORNL,
MAGES & CRIMMINS,
PROF. HOWARD.

REGALONICA SISTERS,
DELAUR AND DEBRIMONT,
LILLIAN MASON.

MATINEE SATURDAY AND SUNDAY. Matinee prices, 10c, 25c; evening prices, 10c, 25c, 50c. Performance every evening, including Sunday. Telephone 1447.

BURBANK THEATER

Main St. bet Fifth and Sixth
FRED A. COOPER, Manager.

Commencing Sunday, March 24th.

★ "TAKEN FROM LIFE,"

The Great English Comedy-drama.

See THE THOROUGHBRED RACERS.

Prices 25c, 50c and 75c.

The Celebrated

SWEDISH NATIONAL LADIES QUARTETTE

From Stockholm, Sweden, at

BARTLETT'S MUSIC HALL, 103 N. Spring St.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday Evenings and Saturday Matinee, March 28, 29, 30.

Admission, 50c; Reserved Seats, 75c. Seats now on sale at Bartlett's Music House.

Grand Domino Ball—

AT MUSIC HALL, 281 S. SPRING ST.,

Given by the ladies of the First Spiritual Society. Good order will be observed.

Shepard's Orchestra in full uniform in attendance.

Tickets 25c, to be had at the box office. Refreshments.

SANTA BARBARA

Flower Festival.

APRIL 17th, 18th AND 19th, 1895.

MISCELLANEOUS—

Pianos!

DECKER BROS.
BLASIUS,
FONSECA,
PISCERI,
MASON & HAMLIN,
A. C. CHASE.

Pianos

KOHLER & CHASE,
NEW YORK,
ENGLAND,
SHERWOOD
AND OTHERS.

Oldest and Largest Piano Firm on the Pacific Coast.

228 S. Spring St.

The Ostrich Farm,

Located one mile from Norwalk,
18 Miles from Los Angeles,
Is the largest in America; there being there now upwards of 500 of these gigantic birds. Take 9:30 or 1:30 train from Arcadia depot, returning at 12:30 or 3:30. Prices of birds on application to Edwin Gawston. Admission 25c each.

Europe—

10TH YEAR. DE POTTER'S SELECT EXPEDITION PARTIES leave New York for North Cape, Sweden, Russia, etc. June 12. Long Summer tour, June 22; Vacation Tour, June 26. Unequalled advantages. Full illustrated programmes of 112 pages, address A. DE POTTER, 112 Broadway, New York.

REDONDO CARNATIONS

15 CENTS PER DOZEN BY B. F. COLLINS
Local designs to order. Telephone 114.

SPECIAL NOTICES—

LIVE STOCK FOR SALE—

And Pastures to Let.

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED FROM THE northern part of the State a carload of horses, work, driving, horses all broken and gentle; you take risk in buying from me. V. D. COCHRAN, prop., cot. Second and San Pedro.

ATLARGE—Pages 1, 2, 3.

Dispatches were also received from London, New York, New Orleans, Denver, San Francisco, Chicago, Washington, Lexington, Ky., Phoenix, Ariz.; Astoria, Or.; and other places.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL—Page 5.

Eastern markets for grain and produce.... Wheat supplies and quotations.... New York stock and bond lists.... English financial and grain markets.... San Francisco stocks, grain and produce.

WEATHER FORECAST.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.—For Southern California: Probably fair, but somewhat threatening on the northern coast; nearly stationary temperature; fresh southerly winds.

WEATHER FORECAST.

FOR SALE—YOU WAIT TO SEE THIS best lot of horses that ever came into the city, go down to California Stock Yards, 238 Main St., San Francisco, where you get your money's worth. ALLEN DEZELLE.

FOR SALE—WE WILL CLOSE OUT 20 sets of ranch harness and 10 sets of wagons, harness at less than cost to make for our line of \$15 hand-made single harness. W. F. MANN, 107 N. Broadway.

FOR SALE—SILKY, BLACK, FRENCH poodle thoroughbred and house broken; finest house dog in the world. 1918 FIGUEROA ST.

FOR SALE—A YOUNG, GENTLE, FRESH, Durable, Blocky colt, Chapman, A. L. AUSTIN & CO., 108 S. Broadway, or 232 S. 51ST ST.

FOR SALE—GOOD COW, 3 YEARS OLD; 1200 SKILL AVILLE.

FOR SALE—\$10: PONY MARE, ABOUT 5 years old; gentle; unbroke. 404 LAFAYETTE ST.

FOR SALE—FRESH JERSEY AND ALDERSBURY COW, at a bargain. 1347 WALL ST., 14th.

FOR SALE—A GOOD HORSE. WORK OR drive. \$20. 270 S. MAIN.

FOR SALE—6 RANCH MARES; MUST BE SOUND. 4 to 5 years old. \$15.00 each, or more, for which we will give in excess (for one or all) some beautiful 50-foot lots at that can be sold (\$75 each) lying just beyond the end of the property. Call me in a few minutes. JOHN F. HUMPHREYS.

WANTED—HORSE BUGGY AND HARNESS. \$10 monthly payments. Address Q. box 55. TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—A HORSE FOR DELIVERY wagon, 900 lbs. or so. Apply COAL YARD, 209 E. Fifth st.

E. N. MORRILL
"Governor."

FOR PATENTS—And Patent Agents.

FATENTS FOR INVENTIONS IN ALL countries obtained, bought and sold; by S. L. MORRILL, 109 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal. Hours 9 to 12, 1 to 4.

ADAMS BROS. DENTAL PARLORS, 2394 S. Spring St. Philip, 51 plates, \$6, \$8, \$10; all work guaranteed; established 10 years; offices, 8 to 5, Sundays 10 to 12.

DY. L. WELLS, SPRINGS AND FIRST, Bunkers, elevator. Gold crowns and bridge work; especially: teeth extracted; no pain. Room 5.

DR. URRY, DENTIST, 1244 S. SPRING ST., Los Angeles, Calif. New process; first-class work, all lower prices.

DR. H. R. SPARREVOHN HAS REOPENED his dental office at 218 N. MAIN, La Brea building. Open nights.

W. H. MASSER, M.D., D.D.S., OFFICE 245 S. SPRING ST. Moderate prices.

DR. C. W. BALDWIN, DENTIST, ROOMS 1 and 2 125½ S. SPRING ST.

GOLD AND SILVER REFINERS.

W. T. SMITH & CO. GOLD AND SILVER refiners and assayers; highest cash price for old gold and silver; placer and retort gold, etc. We buy gold and silver 24 hours after receipt of bullion; we will make returns in Southern California, Arizona, New Mexico, from 4 to 6 days quicker than can be made from any other place. 128 N. MAIN ST., room 14.

ATTORNEYS—

M. J. NOLEN, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR at law, 112 S. Broadway. Advice free.

M. H. WOOLNER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, rooms 404-405, Stimson Block.

THE MORNING'S NEWS

—IN—

The Times

Associated Press Reports Briefed

THE CITY—Pages 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11.

Mrs. Platt held for trial for arson....

Judge Shaw gives an important decision in the Whittier case.... The Christian scientists held in heavy bonds.... Two well-known citizen charged with robbery....

How a young fellow fooled his lawyers....

Chief Moore talks of fire escapes.... Old City Hall sold for a fair price.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA—Page 11.

Gen. O. O. Howard's donation of land to the Pomona College.... Young German drowned at Santa Monica.... Teachers' Institute proceedings at Santa Ana.... Now evening paper to be established in San Diego.... Great activity in real estate in Pasadena.... Incorporation of the Southern Oil Company at Pasadena.... Convention of Friends at Whittier.

PACIFIC COAST—Page 2, 3.

Gov. Budd signs nearly one hundred bills, including many measures of interest to Angelenos.... The Kern County land row to be investigated by the Attorney-General.... Bunker to send an athletic team East to compete.... The San Andreas-Angela Camp stage held up.... A seventy-year-old man arrested for forgery.... An ex-convict convicted of perjury.... An inn-keeper and wife near Berkeley shot by a contractor.... Editor Blake out of danger.... Frank Salter mortally wounds his wife and kills himself.... The rose carnival of Santa Rosa.... A shooting scrape over a girl in Butte county.

GENERAL EASTERN—Pages 1, 2, 3.

Atty.-Gen. Olney and Debs's counsel finish the arguments in the strikers' habeas corpus case.... Minister Thurston leaves the Hawaiian legation in a hazy condition.... A Mexican editor challenges the referee of a bullfight because he didn't like the latter's decisions.... Young Carlisle tells how his pal came to break the revenue laws.... Over a million dollars wiped out by flames at Milwaukee.... The Whisky Trust turns over all its distilleries.... The Cuban war.... Experiments in Canada over the prospect of Manitoba's rebellion.... Alexander Major's wife and daughter seek the poorhouse.... Anna Dickinson on her defense in court.

BY GABLE—Pages 1, 2, 3.

Bismarck presented with a sword by Emperor William.... Li Hung Chang's condition—A letter from Tokio says he must die.... Horrible torture and death of a woman in Ireland accused of being a witch.... A favorite in the forthcoming Liverpool races taken sick under suspicious circumstances.

INTERCOURSE AND TRANSPORTATION between the States and all the instruments of commerce are admitted parts of Interstate commerce.... Transportation of passengers and freight by railroads is, of course, included. Not only is that so, but it is also true that interstate railroad transportation has been taken in especial charge by Congress. Having power to control it, Congress has not permitted the power to be dormant, but has freely and decisively exercised it. He then enumerated many of the federal laws bearing on the question of interstate traffic, including those applying to the mail service, those relating to the carrying of live stock, and those requiring the use of certain kinds of brakemen, etc. But in this connection, and for the purpose, he continued, it is more important to note the provisions of several general statutes which cover the whole field of interstate railroad transportation, and show most conclusively the purpose of Congress to exclude every other source and form of regulation except its own.

WHAT was done by the government and its court below had jurisdiction of the case made by the original bill, and proceeded to show that, as he viewed the matter, it had. He devoted but very little time to the discussion of the government's technical relation to the mails and the mail-bags, or to the provisions of the act of 1890, which characterized as "an experimental piece of legislation," and passed immediately to the consideration of the strike as a violation of interstate commerce regulations. The Interstate commerce, which is subject to the regulation of Congress, comprehend, he said, a great variety of different subject matter. It is held as respects some of them that in the absence of positive legislation thereon by Congress, there may be action by a State. But it has always and universally been conceded that the moment Congress does act upon any matter which is part of commerce, from that moment the jurisdiction of the United States becomes absolute and excludes all other authority.

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INTERCOURSE AND TRANSPORTATION between the States

the delegations yesterday and the Emperor led the curassiers to the front of the castle. His Majesty voted three cheers for Prince Bismarck, at the conclusion of which it was resolved by the troops and people. The Emperor then amid renewed cheers, clasped Prince Bismarck's hand.

His Majesty afterward entered the salons and chatted with the Prince, and in proposing Bismarck's health after the luncheon he referred to the services which the latter had rendered to William I. Bismarck replied, saying that since 1848 he had only done his duty and nothing more. As for the recent events in the Reichstag, he added, he could only deplore the lack of national sentiment thereby displayed.

The Empress of Germany commissioned the Crown Prince to present to Prince Bismarck a beautiful basket of roses and a letter of congratulations. The Crown Prince handed the gift to Prince Bismarck with the simple words: "From mamma." Emperor William has appointed Prince Bismarck's physician to be his private medical counsellor, and has conferred upon Dr. Oreyander, Bismarck's secretary, the order of the Crown.

The railroad station, postoffice and all public places in Friedrichsruhe and neighborhood were decorated with flags in honor of the Emperor's visit and the occasion. The imperial train started from here on its return to Berlin at 3:27 p.m. At the last moment Prince Bismarck appeared on the platform in order to take final leave of the Emperor, and cheers were raised and continued long after the Prince re-entered the castle.

CARLISLE'S SNEAK.

IT CAUSES A FLURRY AMONG THE OFFICIALS.

The Secretary's Son Tells How His Father Came to Violate the Election Laws—Collector Kilbreth Annoyed.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—No one in the treasury department today would say anything about the violation of the quarantine laws in Secretary Carlisle taking his son William of the Paris without the permission of the health officers.

DOTY HAS NO REPLY.

NEW YORK, March 26.—Health Officer Doty has received no reply officially to the letter to Collector Kilbreth and Capt. Watlings in relation to the landing of W. K. Carlisle, who was transferred to the revenue cutter Hudson prior to the visit of the health officer aboard the steamer Paris. Dr. Doty, his secretary said, was very loth to criticize the action of Secretary Carlisle or Kilbreth. The violation of the quarantine law, however, was so flagrant that he was compelled to take cognizance. ANNOYED THAT HIS BECAME PUBLIC.

NEW YORK, March 26.—Collector Kilbreth has received from Surveyor J. C. Maguire a report of the alleged violation of the quarantine law committed by the Secretary of the Treasury, John G. Carlisle, the guess of the officials of the customs department. The Collector positively refused to make public the contents of the document.

The trouble has arisen on account of the Secretary's anxiety to care for his son. The young man arrived in port last Saturday on the American line steamship Paris, after a month's tour abroad. The Secretary went down to the quarantine in the revenue cutter and took his son on the steamer back to the passenger and had him examined by Health Officer Doty. This constitutes a violation of the State law, hence the trouble.

Much to the annoyance of Collector Kilbreth, the master became public, and he asked Surveyor Maguire for a report. Collector Kilbreth refused to divulge the contents of the report. Neither would he state what action in the matter was intended.

YOUNG CARLISLE'S STORY.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—W. K. Carlisle, when questioned, said that if there had been any violation of the local quarantine law he was ignorant of it. His father reached the ship when she was living to, at anchor, and coming aboard, was told he had to go ashore for a dress. As soon as he was ready he left the ship and came up the harbor in the cutter with the Secretary. Mr. Hamlin and a customs officer, before whom he made his customs declaration.

One singular feature of the matter, William Carlisle thought, was the fact that the New York weighed her anchor and immediately began to load her deck. There certainly was not sufficient time between leaving the ship and her weighing anchor for the quarantine officer to make any examination, as it is his opinion that the examination, if any were made, was concluded before he left the ship. A prominent official in speaking of the matter said that the Secretary had violated the law, but had done so in former times before. It was a very common thing for passengers to be met by friends and come with them into the city without any examination. At the most, there could not have been more than a technical violation of the law.

VENEZUELA CLAIMS.

A Decision in Favor of the United States.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—After months of deliberation the Venezuelan commission today concluded its labors and announced its decision, being a judgment in favor of citizens of the United States for \$143,000, about one-third the amount of the claims. Of the total award, the Venezuelan Steam Transportation Company of New York received \$141,500 American gold with interest, and Capt. A. G. Post, Jacob J. Maurin and David J. Sturgis received each \$300 with interest. The claim of Cornelius J. Brinkerhof, master of the San Francisco, was the only one disallowed.

The claims date back to 1871, when, in the course of a revolution in Venezuela, three of the vessels of an American corporation were seized by the Venezuelans on either side in the controversy and were much damaged by use in war. The ships were finally recovered, one through the good offices of the commander of a British warship, and the other two by the commander of the U.S.S. Sherman.

The claims also included items based on the refusal of the victorious revolutionary government to allow the company to exceed the franchise it had to the imprisonment of the master of the seized vessel. The principle involved in the judgment decided today is of great interest to the countries of Central and South America, which are subject to revolution. For it amounts to a declaration that such countries are responsible for the acts of insurgents against the rights and properties of foreigners, even if these acts are beyond their control.

Señor Andrade, the Venezuelan representative of the committee, has given notice that he will file a dissenting opinion in the case.

Kansas City Election Frauds.

KANSAS CITY, March 26.—The special grand jury summoned to investigate the election frauds submitted another report today. The total number of indicted between twenty-five and thirty. Among them are James May, of the Second Ward, and John Brown, Councilman. Two more indictments were returned against Justice of the Peace Owen W. Krueger.

BUDD SIGNS BILLS.

Los Angeles Measures Taken Care Of.

The Police Court Clerks Can Now Rest Easy—Whittier Appropriations.

Pension Fund for Teachers—National Guard Reorganization—Building and Loan Commissioners and Fakes.

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SACRAMENTO, March 26.—The Governor's office was very quiet today, only a few callers being in waiting, and very few of them saw him. He had worked very late last night on bills and the result was that ninety-seven more bills bear his signature. They are as follows:

Assembly bill 722.—To prevent the sale of imitation or adulterated honey.

Assembly bill 67.—Changing the fiscal year of cities operating under a charter framed under sec. 8, Art. II, of the Constitution.

Assembly bill 91.—To pay the claim of T. Carl Spelling against the State.

Assembly bill 117.—To amend sec. 72 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relative to the foreclosure of mortgages.

Assembly bill 140.—Relating to transfers of stock of corporations engaged in certain business, transferable as appurtenances to real property.

Assembly bill 148.—To create the office of Game Warden.

Assembly bill 157.—Authorizing Superior judges of counties over 200,000 inhabitants to appoint a secretary.

Assembly bill 198.—Authorizing the issuance of bonds and incurring of indebtedness by cities and towns for their protection from overflow and their drainage.

Assembly bill 246.—Making an appropriation to pay the deficiency in the appropriations for the re-estimations.

Assembly bill 221.—Appropriating money for the use of the two forestry stations and the establishment of a third.

Assembly bill 353.—To reduce the number of Superior Judges of Tulare county.

Assembly bill 391.—To create an exempt pensioner's relief fund.

Assembly bill 439.—To authorize the trustees of Auburn to remove a cemetery and donate the land for a public park.

Assembly bill 439.—To authorize the State to secure title to a road in El Dorado county, and providing for the appointment of the Lake Tahoe Wagon Road Commissioners.

Assembly bill 541.—To amend the act creating the board of commissioners of buildings and land associations.

Assembly bill 567.—Relating to marriages and repealing the section allowing marriage by contract.

Assembly bill 512.—To pay the claim of James A. Kearny.

Assembly bill 218.—Authorizing the Comptroller to furnish his office.

Assembly bill 599.—To pay the expenses of the funeral of the late Secretary of State, E. G. White.

Assembly bill 600.—To pay the city of San Francisco for expenses of transportation of children to the Whittier School.

Assembly bill 601.—To pay rent of office of Commissioner of Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Assembly bill 616.—Authorizing the clerk of the Supreme Court to furnish his office with stationery.

Assembly bill 664.—Authorizing corporations for maintaining, establishing, improving cemeteries, to take and hold property bequeathed, granted or given to them.

Assembly bill 676.—To pay deficiency for heating and ventilation in the training department of the San Jose Normal School.

Assembly bill 709.—To pay indebtedness for providing a refrigerator for the Southern California and for Orphans and Inebriates.

Assembly bill 708.—To pay deficiency for additional buildings for the Southern California asylum.

Assembly bill 725.—To pay deficiency in salary for the secretary of the State Board of examiners.

Assembly bill 734.—Providing for the destruction of all bonds of any irrigation district remaining unpaid after the completion of the district.

Assembly bill 700.—For the payment of the deficiency of the appropriation for the State Agricultural Society.

Assembly bill 15.—Relating to police courts and clerks thereof in cities of between 50,000 and 100,000 inhabitants.

Assembly bill 380.—To prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors in the vicinity of soldiers' homes.

Assembly bill 907.—To provide for the compensation of passengers to be met by friends and come with them into the city without any examination. At the most, there could not have been more than a technical violation of the law.

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Assembly bill 707.—To provide for letting of contracts for the lighting of streets and public buildings.

Assembly bill 618.—Relating to the National Guard and to provide for the retirement and disposition of certain officers thereof.

Assembly bill 694.—Appropriating money to pay the claims of the State Agricultural Society.

Assembly bill 736.—To provide a public school teachers' retirement and annuity fund.

Assembly bill 798.—Concerning the completion of unfinished public buildings.

Assembly bill 799.—Concerning the completion of unfinished public buildings.

Senate bill 53.—Relating to assignments for the benefit of creditors.

Senate bill 50.—Relating to fraudulent instruments.

(COAST RECORD.)
KERN SQUATTERS.

They Ask Gov. Budd to Protect Them.

The Attorney-General's Office Asked to Inquire into the Matter.

Inducements Held Out by San Jose to the Spreckels Road-Stop-over Suited Hawaiian Government.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

SACRAMENTO, March 26.—Gov. Budd has received the following telegram:

"BAKERSFIELD STATION.

To Gov. Budd: We, the settlers of the Kern Lake bed, ask you to protect us against an armed force of hirelings of the Kern County Land Company that are forcibly dispossessing us from our land now in litigation. They are destroying our property and threatening our lives. (Signed) "J. W. BRIGGS,
Secretary of the Meeting."

The Governor at once sent for Deputy Attorney-General Post and directed him to telegraph the District Attorney of Kern for a full statement by wire as soon as possible of the trouble here. The Deputy Attorney-General subsequently received this telegram from District Attorney Fay:

"The company has a patent for the land. The settlers have occupied a portion of the land for several years. Have had several suits, but none were properly brought to determine title. Several ejectment suits are now pending. The company has armed men on the ground, and had forcibly ejected four or five people. An experienced hand of trouble at any time."

After the Governor had received this telegram he directed the Attorney-General's office to immediately instruct District Attorney Fay to arrest and prosecute all parties on either side found violating the law.

THE "SWAMPERS" NOT AGGRESSIVE.

BAKERSFIELD, March 26.—The settlers who are contesting J. B. Haggins' patent to the 15,000 acres formerly the bed of Kern Lake, have made no aggressive movement. The new leader, Coffey, late of Los Angeles, did not attempt to forcibly enter Haggins' enclosure, as he threatened in a speech. There has been no fighting, and there is not likely to be unless the "swampers" get a leader in whom they have confidence, which seems unlikely.

Those who know the "swampers" well say they are not now likely to forcibly enter the lands, because lawyers and others advise them not to, but the sentiment of the community is that if Haggins' men should kill a "swammer" for forcibly entering, other squatters in the vicinity are numerous and desperate enough to even seek lynch law at the Haggins forces. The situation is still quiet, and it is now believed that the question will be settled in the courts and that bloodshed is not probable.

AT SEVENTY YRS.

John Smith Arrested at San Francisco for Forgery.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

HAN FRANCISCO, March 26.—John A. Smith, an elderly man, was arrested by Detective Silvey late last night, and was booked en route to Sacramento, where he is wanted on a charge of forgery. Smith has been in this city for two weeks, and claims that he does not know what the forgery charge is based. It is claimed, however, that he victimized several people in Sacramento before taking his departure.

"It is not improbable," said he, talking of his arrest, "that shall be convicted and sent to San Quentin again. I served a term there and was well treated. I can say that I have received anything but kind treatment since my release. I am now 70 years of age, and I would just as soon die than go back to prison." He was sentenced to seven years at Folsom, Clay and Charles Lavish were arrested for burglary at Watsonville, and at the preliminary examination, Lavish was held and Clay discharged and made witness for the prosecution.

Hurley Guilty.

SAFETY VALVE. SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.—The trial of M. J. Hurley, charged with attempting to bribe a juror in the McDonald case, was concluded this morning. After being out five minutes, the jury returned a verdict of guilty, as charged.

A Grewsome Find.

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Frank Salter Mortally Wounds His Wife and Kills Himself.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

FRISCO, March 26.—Frank Salter, an assayer, shot and fatally wounded his wife tonight, and then killed himself.

The couple quarreled and separated several weeks ago. Tonight Salter called on his wife at the Lexington House and asked her to go to his rooms. She refused, saying, "You want to kill me," at the same time running into another room. Salter pursued her and shot twice, one bullet striking her wrist and the other lodging in the head. He then turned the weapon on himself and sent a bullet into his brain.

Mrs. Salter, the wounded woman, is very low tonight, and her recovery is very doubtful.

A CONTRACTOR'S CRIME.

R. F. Simpson Shoots an Innkeeper and Wife.

OAKLAND, March 26.—R. F. Simpson, a contractor and lumber stable-keeper of this city, is in jail at Martinez. During the night he shot and fatally wounded Brynen, the keeper of the notorious Red House, a resort on the San Pablo road, north of Berkeley, and also wounded Brynen's wife. Brynen is still living, but is gradually sinking.

The trouble arose over the lease of the Red House property of which Simpson was in full right that ensued. Simpson drew a pistol and fired two shots. One bullet entered Brynen's stomach and the other made a flesh wound in the woman's wrist. Simpson was arrested by the Constable and was taken to Martinez.

GOOD ARGUMENTS.

The San Jose People are After the Valley Road.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

SACRAMENTO, March 26.—D. M. C. Cornell, an aged druggist, who was a pioneer Californian, committed suicide in his room yesterday morning, taking poison. His body was found today. In the early Comstock days Cornell went to Virginia City and amassed a great fortune, which he afterward lost on the stock market in San Francisco. For several years past he has led a precarious existence in Sacramento.

A COMSTOCK PIONEER.

Death of D. M. C. Cornell, the Old Stock Dealer.

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THESE ASSERED, too, that a right-of-way through Santa Clara county, thickly settled as it is and cut up into small fruit orchards and ranches, was a much more valuable resource than a right-of-way through counties in which the land is held in large tracts. They also asserted that these orchards and small farms would at once furnish a profitable freight business for the new road. The San Jose people

also showed surveys of their proposed route, which is through Las Angelas Pass, a natural route through the hills about midway between Pioche and Pacheco passes.

STOP-OVER SUITS.

The Southern Pacific Alleges that the Complainants Have Conspired.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.—The numerous damage suits recently begun against the Southern Pacific Company for refusing to grant stop-over privileges in Oakland and Alameda are causing the railroad officials no little trouble. The Southern Pacific Company filed a voluminous bill in equity today against all the people who have sued the company for damages for not granting stop-over privileges to compel them to litigate all their causes of action in one suit, and to perpetually injoin them from bringing more than one suit. The suit was brought in the name of the Southern Pacific Company of Kern.

The plaintiff alleges that the defendants have fraudulently conspired together to enrich themselves at the expense of the corporation. The company denies that there is any foundation for the numerous suits, and that it is alleged that Robinson and his co-defendants are not bona fide ticket-holders, but that they became passengers for the sole purpose of laying a foundation for litigation.

ALL ABOUT A GIRL.

A Fight Between Two Young Men of Butte County.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

CHICO, March 26.—Three young men were brought to town today from North Point to have their wounds dressed, which had been inflicted in the course of a row over a girl.

It appears that Otis Hume and Charles Hayes, sons of well-to-do neighboring farmers, were both in love with Miss Treasa Heggen. Hayes on Saturday night took the girl to church and Hume escorted her home. On Sunday evening wrote to Hayes a note telling him he was an informant for the Indians, and after church Sunday night Hume backed by a group of friends, assaulted Hayes, and was knocked down. The latter escaped a 22-caliber revolver at Hume and then ran home.

Hume was wounded in the arm and one bullet grazed the back of his neck. Wilmer Jackson, of the city, was hit in the left arm. Hayes' estate was cut open by some sharp instrument and his head is badly bruised. He is in jail on a charge of assault with intent to commit murder. He has sworn to a complaint charging Hume with a similar crime, but the latter has not been arrested.

After the Governor had received this telegram he directed the Attorney-General's office to immediately instruct District Attorney Fay to arrest and prosecute all parties on either side found violating the law.

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THE ARBORIST CARRINGTON.

He Blows Out His Brains on Being Arrested.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.—W. W. Carrington, a professed Anarchist, blew out his brains tonight in his rooms. The Chief of Police sent two detectives to bring Carrington before him for investigation into his practice of advertising for handsome young women who wanted situations.

Carrington agreed to accompany the officers and, turning aside, placed the muzzle of a revolver in his mouth, fired and was dead instantly.

A Shooting Star.

SANTA BARBARA, March 26.—The schoner Star of Freedom, reported stolen from Captain Johnson at San Francisco, was shot by a highwayman in this city on Sunday night, is now out of danger, and his physician are confident of his ultimate recovery.

Jackson Hausewell, or Hall, a printer, arrested on suspicion of being the footpad who shot Blake, has been released. Two other men, William Ziegler and John Mullin, are being held and suspicion points to Ziegler, who is brother of Otto Ziegler, the bicyclist.

Swannill Burned.

ASTORIA (Or.), March 26.—The Nehalem Bay, owned principally by Frank Patterson, a citizen of Astoria, burned yesterday causing a loss of \$25,000. The mill was entirely new and was considered one of the best plants on the coast. The fire started near the boilers, and spread rapidly. There is no insurance, and it will not be rebuilt.

Swannill Dying.

OROVILLE, March 26.—John Swan, a pioneer miner, swallowed half an ounce of carbolic acid and jumped off the suspension bridge here into the Feather River. He left a note stating that he only had a dollar and was in misery all the time. As he did not believe in a future state he proposed to take a good long rest.

Dunsmuir Coal Advances.

SAFETY VALVE. SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.—R. D. Dunsmuir & Sons advanced the price of coal to dealers to \$8 per ton of 2240 pounds. Last September the price was lowered 50 cents per ton, and the former rate is now restored.

A Total Wreck.

SANTA ROSA, March 26.—May 8 and 9 have been decided upon as the days for holding the Rose Carnival, which was to be held at the meeting last night, selected those days. Invitations have been sent to President Cleveland, Gov. Budd and other distinguished public officials.

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also showed surveys of their proposed route, which is through Las Angelas Pass, a natural route through the hills about midway between Pioche and Pacheco passes.

NO FLIES ON THEM.

The United States Grand Jurors are Bound to Have Huntington.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.—The United States grand jury filed another indictment against Collis P. Huntington, president of the Southern Pacific Company, today, for violating the interstate commerce law by issuing a pass outside of the State. It was hinted that a technicality might nullify the first indictment. The grand jury determined that the railroad magnate should be brought to trial, and fearing that Atty. Gen. Olney might quash the first indictment, today presented an ironclad indictment, knowing that Huntington had left New York and is now en route hither.

An indictment was also found against Michael Mitchell, the defaulting newspaper clerk in the postoffice. He embezzled \$800, which his relatives repaid, in the hope that the criminal charge would not be pressed.

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Blaeke Out of Danger.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.—Walter J. Blaeke, the Stockton newspaper man who was shot by a highwayman in this city on Sunday night, is now out of danger, and although a giant physically, his years are again him.

The dispatch which conveys this information is a private and confidential one, but its trustworthiness is not doubted by its recipient.

A MORE FAVORABLE REPORT.

SHIMONOSEKI, March 26.—The condition of Li Hung Chang is favorable. It is reported that he has now consented to the extraction of the bullet in his

CIRCULATION.

Sworn Weekly Statement of the Circulation of the Los Angeles Times.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, SS.

Personally appeared before me, H. G. OTIS, president and general manager of the Times-Mirror Company, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the daily circulation records and daily pressroom reports of the office show that the bona fide editions of the Times for each day of the week ended March 23, 1895, were as follows:

Sunday, March 17..... 15,800
Monday, 18..... 15,800
Tuesday, 19..... 15,800
Wednesday, 20..... 15,800
Thursday, 21..... 15,800
Friday, 22..... 15,650
Saturday, 23..... 15,925

Total 102,275
Gross daily average 14,625
(Signed) H. G. OTIS.

Sworn and sworn to before me this 23d day of March, 1895.

J. C. OLIVER,
Notary Public in and for Los Angeles County,
State of California.

NOTE.—THE TIMES is a seven-day paper. The above statement via. 102,275 copies issued by us during the seven days of the past week would, if apportioned on the basis of a six-day evening paper, give a daily average circulation for each week of 17,000 copies.

THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published sworn statements of its circulation, both gross and net, weekly, monthly and yearly, during the past several years. Advertisers have the right to know the NET CIRCULATION of the medium which seeks their business, and this THE TIMES gives them correctly, from time to time.

The gross daily average circulation of THE TIMES for January, 1893—14,625 copies, shows a gain of 11.3 per cent. over the daily average—6713 copies—for the month of August, 1890, the month of "The strike that failed."

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

LINERS.

One Cent a Word for Each Insertion.

WANTED—Help, Male.

PETTY, HUMMEL & CO., EMPLOYMENT AGENTS, 300-301 W. Second st., in basement California Building. Tel. 500.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sundays.)

Treasurer for ranch, \$2 to \$25 etc.; man of service, man on ranch who can milk 10 cows, \$15 etc.; first-class pruner and general orchard man, \$15 etc.; ranch hand, \$10 per day; man and wife for ranch, \$35 etc.; blacksmith for country; barber; sailors, \$30 etc.; a good shop keeper, \$35 etc. per month; the best housekeeper, \$20 etc.; a good cook, \$15 etc.; railroad fare, call early. City jobs common in quite early. County jobs (the bulk of them) come in at first mail, a.m.

HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.

Elderly woman to cook for 1 lady and herself for a good home at the beach, will pay small wages; girl for housework, small amount; city girl, \$15 etc.; maid, \$12 etc.; servant, \$20 etc.; second girl for country, \$20 etc.; second girl and nurse for 1 child, \$20 etc.; \$20 to \$25 to less than \$25; maid for \$15 etc.; housekeeper for family of 4, nice home, \$15; girl to assist, \$15. short distance out of town; 2 nice ranch places, \$20 each.

HOTEL DEPARTMENT.

Lunch waitress, \$25 etc.; girl for chamber-work and waiting, \$20 etc.; waitress for first-class hotel, \$25 etc.; cook, \$20 etc.; cook for 12 people, must have been 10 to help her. PETTY, HUMMEL & CO.

WANTED—TRAVELING MAN, BROOM-maker, correspondent, barber, cook, rancher, general, housewife, female department, 15 miles plain service, \$1 to \$5 per month; agent, saleslady, laundress, waitress; information headquarters, 411 S. LOS ANGELES.

WANTED—PAVING CUTTERS, APPLY TO SCHREIBER, 237 W. First st.

WANTED COOPERS, L. A. COOPERAGE CO., 239 E. First st.

WANTED—WANTED.

WANTED—YOUR OWN DRESSMAKER; how to draft, cut and make up 100 different garments without alteration; full or partial instruction by skilled workmen; from \$5.00 up; no charge. LADIES' UNION FRENCH TAILOR SYSTEM CO., 22 Wilson Block, First and Spring.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK in family of 3; no washing; wages \$15. The teacher, \$10 to Douglass st., go to right in CARROLL, A. N., 141 W. 27.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL, DO GENERAL housework; must be a good cook; city references required. Call bet. 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., 129 GRAND AVE.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED CANVASSERS to solicit subscriptions to the Los Angeles Evening news paper. Apply 227 W. FIRST ST.

WANTED—AGENTS FOR ADJOINING counties; article sells on sight; call today. CITY WAREHOUSE, 675 Upper Main st. 27.

WANTED—AGENTS BY CALIFORNIA MUTUAL Benefit Society. Call 9 to 11, room 24, GERMAN-AMERICAN BANK BLDG. 17.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED CANVASSERS. Call 216 S. BROADWAY from 8 to 10 a.m. today.

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—TO SELL 1/2 INTEREST IN THE Royal Bakery Restaurant; chance given only to those who can make an assignment; 1/2 for full particular. 118 S. SPRING ST. 27.

WANTED—PARTNER WITH \$300 GOOD sec., will give \$50 a month salary for any position, or percentage of profits. Apply afternoons or nights at LARGE TENT, Grand ave. near tenth st. 27.

WANTED—A PARTNER IN A BUSINESS with \$1000 capital, will have a return in 30 days; something new; invest in this, only \$500 required. ADDRESS BRADSHAW, 115 W. First st. room 2.

WANTED—\$550: A PARTNER TO PUT UP orders, deliver, etc., in good-paying business; will give \$50 a month to each. Apply to WHITE, 221 W. First st.

WANTED—SILENT PARTNER WITH \$1000, lady or gent; \$50 a week clear profit. Address, R. box 4. TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—PARTNER WITH \$500 IN good business. Address, Q. box 94, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY TO LEARN toilet business. Room 206, STIMSON BLDG. 29.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST IN GENERAL WORK, wages \$12 to 112 S. OLIVE ST. 28.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS MILLINER AND trimmer. Apply 507 W. Second st.

WANTED—APPRENTICE AT H. HOFFMAN'S millinery, 240 S. Spring. 28.

WANTED—APPRENTICE AT DRESSMAKING parlors, 422 S. HOPE ST.

WANTED—HELP, MALE AND FEMALE.

WANTED—REMOVED: BOSTON EMPLOYMENT AGENCY has removed to 222 W. FIFTH ST.

WANTED—HELP FREE AND WORK. E. NITTINGER, 411 S. Los Angeles st. Tel. 112.

WANTED—To Rent.

WANTED—TO RENT 2 OR 3 ROOMS OR small cottage, unfurnished, would prefer in part payment for rent. Address, Q. box 94, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—TO RENT AN 8 OR 9-ROOM house, per month tenant; location, west or southwest. Address "C," room 14, TEMPLE BLOCK, 28.

WANTED—A FURNISHED HOUSE OF 3 OR 4 rooms in the neighborhood of Grand ave. Address, J. C. OLIVER & CO., 237 W. First st.

WANTED—2 LIVING ROOMS, FURNISHED FOR housekeeping; rent moderate; centrally located. Address, R. box 14, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—A HOUSE OF 6 OR 7 ROOMS, west of Broadway and south of First st. Address, R. box 15, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—TO RENT A FURNISHED COTTAGE, rent about \$25, in the southwest; no children. J. C. OLIVER & CO., 237 W. First st.

WANTED—BY ONCE, BY LADIES, GOOD board and room in a private family; must be within 10 minutes' walk of Courthouse; do not answer unless you can give undoubted references; send full particulars. Address, R. box 2, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE family; must be quiet. April 1, Ad- dress, R. box 16, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BEAUTIFUL LOTS IN HIGH-TONE realty and Sylvan Grove tracts, close to electric line; prices low; terms I. H. PRESTON, trustee, 217 New High st.

FOR SALE—PROPERTY IN ALL PARTS of the city; ranches; all descriptions for men or women. K. C. GULICK & CO., Minnesota headquarters, 227 W. First st.

FOR SALE—LOT on west side Olive st. near 12th. F. S. HICKS, 17 W. Second st.

FOR SALE—WACY STEER CURES DANDRUFF; hair invigorated; corns and bunions removed without pain. 1315 S. BROADWAY.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL INDUCEMENT given to the party who will build a \$4000 or more dwelling-house; the tract upon which the house is desired to be built is, really excellent; the cost and most centrally located in the city. Apply to WALTER E. BROWN, 232 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—IF YOU WANT A GRAND bargain in one of the finest corners in the city, 18th and 18th, just as this is something good, so don't wait, as I am going to sell it to a Miller in the next few days. R. MILLER, 221 W. First st.

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FOR SALE—SUPERIOR FRUIT LAND: water sold with land in quantity; delivered in stem pieces; price per acre; reservoir water; 6,000,000 gallons. HEMET LAND CO., Baker Block, L.A.

FOR SALE—\$3 ACRES AND 6 ACRES; \$100 payment at \$150 per acre; near city. Apply to P. M. DOWNEY AVE.

WANTED—Situations, Male.

WANTED—EDUCATION, STATIONER, 10 years' experience, open for engagement by reliable firm; any considered exceptionally rapid, accurate; city references. Address R. box 12, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A GENTLEMAN, 35, married, of trust; speaks English, German, French; is good correspondent; references and security given. Address, R. box 11, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—AN EXPERT ACCOUNTANT having few hours leisure time daily will open, close or post books at reasonable rates. Address, Q. box 82, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY RELIABLE YOUNG MAN, experienced coachman and groom; references. Address, Q. box 81, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—A SITUATION ON A BEEF RANCH, German man, aged 30, to take charge of private place; able to lay out new grounds; references; address, R. box 103, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—AN EXPERT ACCOUNTANT having few hours leisure time daily will open, close or post books at reasonable rates. Address, Q. box 15, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY NURSE OF EXPERIENCE, a child or infant to board, "close in," terms; good health; must be a parent. Address, Q. box 7, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY CAREFUL COUPLE, WITH-OUT children; care of house for rooms; references. Address, Q. box 97, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—PAINTER TO PAINT WAGON and take part in milk delivery. Address, Q. box 98, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—GOOD COTTON RAGS FOR wiping up. Call at TIMES PRESS.

WANTED—A SEWING MACHINE IN GOOD repair, for cash. Address, R. box 10, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—1000 TO 2000 YARDS OF DIRT. W. Seventh st. P. O. BOX 684.

FOR SALE—CITY Lots and Land.

FOR SALE—CHOICE LOTS IN HIGHLAND Park and Garvanza, cheap for cash, or instalments; see them. I. H. PRESTON, trustee, 217 New High st.

FOR SALE—\$200 LOT 50x150 WEST SIDE of city of Monrovia, clear for 7 acres; good soil; water; can assume. Call or address CARTER & BECHER, 322 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—TO EXCHANGE 1 ACRE IN full-bearing peach trees, beautifully located in the city of Monrovia, clear for 7 acres; good soil; water; can assume. Call or address CARTER & BECHER, 322 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—LOOK HERE! PARTIES TO GO to Baldwin's home, talky-tally leaves every Thursday at 9 a.m. Tell us your name and carriage will call for you; rents \$1 each. EUREKA STABLE, 317 W. Fifth st.

FOR SALE—ROOMATE: YOUNG MAN occupying large front room; prefer to live in quiet neighborhood; pay reasonable rates. Address, R. box 15, TIMES OFFICE.

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PUBLISHERS OF
The Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday and Weekly.

H. G. OTIS.....President and General Manager.
L. E. MOSHER.....Vice-President.....MARIAN OTIS-HANDLER.....Secretary.
ALBERT MCFLANDER.....Treasurer.

Office: Times Building.
Telephone numbers: Editorial 674; Business office 3.
N. E. corner of First and Broadway. Eastern Representative: E. KATE 187 WORLD BUILDING, NEW YORK.

The Los Angeles Times

Founded December 4, 1881.

FOURTEENTH YEAR.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT SERVICE—OVER 20,000 MILES OF LEASED WIRES.
BY MAIL, \$9 a year; by carrier, 85c a month. SUNDAY TIMES, \$8 a year. WEEKLY, \$1.50.Sworn Net Average Circulation Every Day in 1894, 13,358 Copies
Exceeding the net circulation of any other two Los Angeles daily papers.

Entered at the Los Angeles Post Office for transmission as second-class mail matter

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

LOS ANGELES—Judas.
ORPHUIM—Vauville.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—Do not depend upon the return of rejected manuscripts, but retain copies if you wish to preserve your contributions. Articles should be type-written and MSS. sent flat.

OUR 36-PAGE ANNUAL.

PRICES—Without postage: Single copies, 5 cents; 10 copies, 50 cents. By mail, postage paid: Single copies, 8 cents; 2 copies, 15 cents.

POSTAGE—To all parts of the United States, Mexico and Canada, 3 cents; to all countries within the Universal Postal Union, 6 cents.

COME ONE, COME ALL.

San Diego, as the second city in Southern California, ought to be well represented at La Fiesta de Los Angeles. Her citizens are enterprising, public-spirited and generous. The interests of Los Angeles are in many respects identical with those of San Diego, and, in fact, with those of the whole of Southern California. On behalf of the city and county of Los Angeles, The Times extends a cordial invitation to the people of San Diego city and county to place themselves in evidence to the fullest possible extent in our coming fiesta. It is scarcely necessary to assure them that they will be received here with open arms, and will be given the freedom of the city. A goodly attendance of San Diegans at our big show will surely result in a better acquaintance with the people of our sister city by the sea, and will serve to bind them to us in still closer bonds of friendship and fraternity in the future. We want all San Diego to come to our fiesta and to make themselves at home in our midst.

We also desire that all the other flourishing cities of Southern California, and of Northern California, too, for that matter, shall take advantage of the occasion which La Fiesta will afford them, to attend our festival, to make as liberal displays as possible, and to show to our people and the thousands of strangers who will be within our gates on that auspicious occasion the vast resources and the wonderful progress of their respective sections. All who come will be warmly welcome, and to them will be extended every possible courtesy. Los Angeles desires this fact to be distinctly understood and fully appreciated.

In times past there have been some unfortunate sectional differences in California. The time for such shortsightedness is past. A new era of good fellowship is at hand, and no effort should be omitted to develop and promote this feeling of fraternity and co-operation. The interests of one section are the interests of all sections. Let us all work together for the advancement of California as a whole, rather than for the advancement of sections. In this way can California be made to take the place which rightfully belongs to her, as the brightest star in the galaxy of the great union of States.

Emanuel Pinto, a Portuguese, recently applied for naturalization papers at Fresno. Upon being interrogated by Judge Carter as to whether he would fight for his native or his adopted country in case of war, Pinto promptly replied, "Portugal, every time." Judge Carter concluded that Mr. Pinto was not made of exactly the right stuff for an American citizen, and refused to issue the papers; whereat the son of Portugal was very angry. We have altogether too many "citizens" such as Pinto would have been had his papers been issued, and Judge Carter did perfectly right in refusing to allow him to become a citizen. The first duty of an American citizen is to maintain his allegiance to this country above any and all others.

The Chinese will pretty soon be extending the right hand of sympathy to the descendants of the ancient dwellers on the Nile. After being hammered out of all shape by the Japanese, they are now being visited with the plague, in so virulent a form as to threaten the destruction of those whom the Japanese didn't kill; so that, in truth, their troubles would seem to be as varied and numerous as were those of the Egyptians.

Denver has a new publication devoted to the wants of printers, which is entitled the "Hell-box and Ink-can." If there's anything in a name the publishers ought to reap the benefit of it.

The number of wills, alleged heirs, etc., in the Fair contest, is almost beyond computation. But there is only one Phoebe Couzens.

adopt the permanent and artistic magazine form. We bespeak its success.

If anybody should understand the quarantine laws of the country the head officers of the government should understand them. Secretary Carlisle's violation of the law, in taking his son William off the steamer Paris prior to the inspection of the steamer by the health officers is, therefore, surprising. But the case is as plain a violation of law as it could well be, and should be visited by as severe a penalty as it would have been had the violator been merely a private citizen.

Arizona is considerably agitated over the failure of the Legislature to pass the general appropriation bill. Opinion is divided as to whether the Territorial Legislature can be recommended without a special act of Congress. In the mean time the wheels of legislation cannot be made to move without a cash lubricant, and it is highly necessary that something should be done as soon as possible.

Death by starvation is not an unusual occurrence in the great heart of London. Scores of men, women and little children die annually in the world's great cities, inch by inch, from privation. Civilization has not yet eradicated all the evils of existence, nor will it ever until obedience is universal to that golden rule, "Do unto others as ye would that others do unto you."

It is no wonder that Gresham ardently desires that Hawaiian Minister Thurston shall be recalled. Mr. Thurston has outclassed Gresham's two "statesmanship" on every occasion when he has come in contact therewith. Gresham is an unsuccessful experiment, while Thurston is an able statesman.

The frantic efforts of the recently-awakened press of San Francisco to stir up the antediluvians are really quite amusing. But these frantic efforts appear to be not wholly in vain. There are some signs of life in San Francisco, and that city can no longer be truthfully called the deadest town on the continent.

The San Francisco Call observes that "the people will keep a close watch now to see the outcome of the manufacturers' convention." It is to be hoped that the people will need neither microscope nor telescope to observe this prospective outcome.

San Francisco and Oakland will literally dance with joy because of the Governor's signing the bill for the lease of land for terminal facilities for the San Joaquin Valley Railroad. The octopus fellows may do some dancing also, but not for joy.

An afternoon contemporary says that Herman Oelrichs, son-in-law of ex-Senator Fair, is engaged writing a novel to be entitled "The Unexpected Heirs." It might possibly be more appropriate to entitle it "The Unexpected Fair."

A memorial museum of the Mid-winter Fair is to be established in San Francisco, alle same Chicago. May it grow and flourish like a green bay tree.

The market for California oranges has been considerably depressed by the introduction of Mexican oranges in the East.

AT THE PLAYHOUSES.

ATTRACTION TONIGHT.—Tonight Marie Burroughs makes her first stellar appearance in this city in Henry Arthur Jones' strong play "Judas." She will repeat the same play tomorrow night, and on Friday evening will present Pinto's up-to-date play, "The Prodigal." Miss Burroughs and company return to the Baldwin Theater at the end of their engagement here, and will be seen on Tuesday night next in a production of "Romeo and Juliet."

PITH OF THE PRESS.

(Pasadena Star.) With four railroads running into Pasadena there will be no excuse for suspecting that there are any insects upon the city.

(Pasadena News.) The Secretary of State is trying hard to make Minister Thurston out an "erratic blibrator" but whether he will succeed or not remains to be seen.

(Oakland Times.) The Times is pleased to note that Mr. B. K. Kendrick is again urging an organization to be perfected in the interest of good roads. The young men have taken hold of the matter, and it is now bound to move.

(Sacramento Record-Union.) The naval officers are brushing up their fatigues uniforms in anticipation of a brush with Spain. It will be labor lost. There will be no fighting. Spain will explain and we will be the end of it all.

(San Jose Mercury.) The old order of things is passing away. A new era is upon us. California, like a giant who has just awoken to a knowledge of his own strength, is no longer content to waste its time in trivial and commonplace effort. Henceforth it will exert itself to some

(San Francisco Call.) If California cities and counties would give the preference to California material in all contracts they might lose something in the cost of construction of public works, but they would more than make it up in the indirect benefits resulting from the promotion of home industry and the employment of home labor.

(Riverside Press.) It is reported at Washington that Mr. Bowers of this district is likely to be assigned to the position of chairman of the important Committee on Military Affairs in the next Congress. Such a position only comes to Congressmen whose term of service has been sufficiently long to familiarize them with the work of committee.

(San Francisco Chronicle.) Gov. Budd should not hesitate to refuse to approve any bill which he believes is not for the best interests of the people of California.

He is the court of last resort, and he should no more hesitate to pocket a bill which he believes to be bad than a Supreme Court should hesitate to declare the law of the court unconstitutional.

(Oakland Examiner.) A new system of street railroad transfers is being introduced in Eastern cities, by which a person buying a 5 cent ticket on one line can, by paying 2 or 3 cents additional, secure a transfer to any intersecting or continuing line. It is regarded as a good thing for the companies and for the passengers, too, but our foolish antipathy to pennies in this State would prevent its adoption here.

The Land of Sunshine for April is a perfect reflection of the land in which we live, and a careful perusal of its pages will be sufficient to create the California fever in the breasts of those who are absent from us. It is charmingly illustrated. The opening poem, "At the Old Hacienda," is a beautiful bit of dainty verse from the pen of C. F. Lummis. The magazine with the June number will enter upon its third volume and it will then

IN SOCIAL SPHERES.

Mrs. Van Nus gave a delightful reception yesterday afternoon, in honor of Mrs. I. W. Hellman and Mrs. Walter of San Francisco. She was assisted in receiving by Misses S. C. Hubbell, Forman, Chandler, Ross, Klokke, E. B. Miller, and Miss Van Aken. In the dining-room the Misses Truman, Klokke, Patterson and Forman assisted. The decorations were rarely beautiful; those in the dining-room were artistically arranged masses of Cherokee roses and pink poppies. In the large hall beauty of Glazewood and Banksia roses clambered over every available spot. The punch room was lovely with blue and white floral decorations. The decorations in the dining-room were all violet; wisteria had been used with bewilderling lavishness, and wreathed in the great oval trials over mirrors, board, and mantel. The tables were lighted and there with violet satin ribbons. Fetching bow-knots of silk were caught over the wide door and the mantel. A mound of purple and white violets decorated the center of the large table; the candleabra shades were of the same pretty hue. Delicious refreshments were served at small tables. Among the guests were: Mrs. W. Wells, J. Wigand, G. H. Wigmore, Willie Wickell, Weller, Worman, Newmark, Macleod, Moore, McKinley, Monroe, E. B. Miller, Maxwell, McLean, O. P. Plater, Perry, Wood, Prager, Prichard, Preuss, L. J. Rose, Taylor, Ross, C. M. Severance, Sanderson, Charles Silent, Schumacher, William Stimson, Thomas, John Bradbury, Burnett, Churchill, Chanler, Mead, Cole, McLachlin, Ducommun, Dryer, Denis, J. E. Ellis, F. Ellis, Fleming, Fowles, Goodwin, Glassell, Graves, Gorham, Howe, Houghton, Hubbard, Hamilton, John T. Jones, J. P. Jones, Klokke, T. A. Lewis, Bradner Lee; Misses Widney, Patterson, Spencer, Van Dyke, Banning, Houghton and Jeune.

A WHIST PARTY.

Miss Harriet Smith entertained the Young Ladies' Whist Club and their guests last evening at her home on Olive street. The decorations were all in pink, green and white. There were twelve tables, and the tall cards were decorated with great pine and white paper chrysanthemums. During the evening punch was served from a large bowl.

Refreshments were served late in the evening, and the same pretty scheme of color carried out in them. After the games were finished, from 11 to 12 o'clock, the mandolin quartette discussed sweet music from a hidden balcony. The guests were: Mr. and Mrs. John Foster, Mr. and Mrs. John Bradbury, Mrs. Macleod, Miss Easton, Messrs. Gratz Brown, Notredame, Dick, West, Bundren, C. Henderson, F. Head, Bratt, Kerr, Garland, Ballard, Fred Stanner, Emilie Muller, Stubbs, Barnwell, Teale, Chase, F. Henderson, H. Henderson, Darling, and others.

TALLY-HO PARTY.

A gay tally-ho party from the Hamilton, charmed by Capt. Cephas Gregg of Warsaw, Ill., enjoyed a long drive on Sunday, through the Devil's Hole Canyon, Verdi and Paradise. The party comprised Misses Dowling, Newton, Collier, Hamilton, Crawford, Gregory, J. L. Smith, Hanah, Lovejoy, Misses Anita, Wade, Alice M. Humphrey, Eleanor W. Crawford.

A WEDDING ANNIVERSARY.

A few of the many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Niles Pease gave them a pleasant surprise on Monday evening, the occasion being the thirty-fifth anniversary of their wedding. Many lovely flowers were received. Cards were played, and an impromptu dinner served. Late in the evening Mrs. Pease, wearing a white lace-bordered wedding gown, a pretty dove-colored fur-edged silk, and returned to her guests, leaning on the arm of her husband and carrying a lovely basket of carnations.

A MUSICAL PARTY.

A few friends gathered in the parlors of the Mt. Pleasant Hotel Monday evening at the invitation of Mrs. Dr. Hard to listen to the singing of Mrs. Greene Wright of Santa Barbara and Miss Hattie Minkler, late of Aurora, Ill. Mrs. Wright has a highly cultivated voice of great sweetness and power and the pure notes of Miss Minkler's rich alto voice were received. Cards were played, and an impromptu dinner served.

(Cincinnati Star.) "Ef my man was here," said the hard-faced lady. "I'd have you kicked clean over the fence." "Perhaps he is here," answered Mr. Everett Wrist, retiring rapidly, yet firmly. "If 'raps' if you take my thumb off the latch of the door you'll find him under it."

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(Philadelphia Inquirer.) Mr. Johnson, I didn't see you at church yesterday. You ought to have been there. We had a young man from the theological college to preach for us.

(Atlanta Constitution.) "Ef my man was here," said the hard-faced lady. "I'd have you kicked clean over the fence." "Perhaps he is here," answered Mr. Everett Wrist, retiring rapidly, yet firmly. "If 'raps' if you take my thumb off the latch of the door you'll find him under it."

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(Brooklyn Standard Union.) "Holy smoke!" exclaimed an impulsive youth, when his mother told him he must go to church. "I'm not going to church. I'm not going to church. I'm not going to church."

(Washington Star.) "We don't want any poetry," said the editor haughtily. "It's not good for us."

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THE WEATHER.

DAILY BULLETINS.
U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, March 26.—At 6 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.06; at 5 p.m., 30.05. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 55 deg. and 64 deg. Maximum temperature, 75 deg.; minimum temperature, 53 deg. Character of weather, cloudy.

Barometer reduced to sea level.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WEATHER BUREAU. Reports received at Los Angeles, March 26, 1895. GEORGE E. FRANKLIN, Observer. Observations taken at all stations at 5 p.m. 75th meridian time.

Place of Observation.	Bar. Ther.
Los Angeles, cloudy.....	30.06 64
San Diego, cloudy.....	30.06 60
Santa Barbara, cloudy.....	30.06 60
Fresno, cloudy.....	29.98 74
San Francisco, cloudy.....	29.94 61
Sacramento, cloudy.....	29.96 66
Rancho Cucamonga, cloudy.....	29.94 60
Bakersfield, cloudy.....	29.94 60
Roseburg, cloudy.....	29.78 60
Portland, rain.....	29.54 60

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Rev. G. G. Pierce preached upon "The Coming Man" in Ontario last Sunday. No reference was made to the coming woman, the preacher evidently believing she was now with us.

Gen. O. O. Howard has done many good things for his country, and he hasn't stopped doing them yet. He has just donated, as stated in the Claremont correspondence to The Times, 160 acres of land as a part endowment of the president's chair of Pomona College.

Santa Monica peace officers are evidencing an activity and care for the good name of the place that promises well for the town during the coming season when its visitors will be legion. The undesirable classes can very well be got along without them both now and later.

San Diegans are not likely to forget Gov. Budd for a long time. They have got a "rod in pickle" for the chief executive for his refusal to sign the San Diego Normal School Bill. They claim that he sought an excuse to avoid signing it and profited by the omission of the appropriation clause to do so. The Governor has been placed on San Diego's blacklist.

The casual visitor to the beaches hereabouts would hardly think it probable that people should be accidentally drowned in the ocean unless they voluntarily went out into the water, and that for some distance. But Santa Monica presents a case of accidental death in the waves, nevertheless. The accepted theory thereupon is that the victim fell in a fit, and the tide and waves got the better of him on that account.

There is a look like rain in the air and it will be welcome if it comes. A few more gentle spring showers to moisten growing things and the springing grasses will leap into fuller growth, the great fields of corn and grain will yield a richer harvest, and all the beautiful, blossoming world will smile in more glorious perfection, and the swaying boughs of our great oaks and wide-reaching vineyards will hang heavier with fruit for our coming harvests.

The woman suffragists of Pomona have adorned themselves in their war paint and are out after the legislators who killed their bill at Sacramento. No words are too strong to depict the indignation they feel at the "outrageous discrimination" against their sex, but they are quietly consoling themselves with the hope that, when it comes to a vote for a constitutional amendment to this "outrageous discrimination," they are going to get there with both feet.

The opening, for the first occasion, of the Chamber of Commerce during the evening, which took place on Saturday, was a thorough success and fully justified the expectations of the managers that the public would appreciate this new departure. Several hundred persons were present, a good many of whom evidently had never visited the chamber before. With the numerous interesting exhibits which are now so attractively displayed, the brilliant lights, and music well rendered on a piano, the Chamber of Commerce is certainly a most attractive free show, and it is likely that as soon as the public is generally aware that the hall is open on Saturday evenings it will be crowded with visitors.

LINCOLN AND HAMLIN.

The Former's Preference in the Matter of the Vice-Presidency.

(Noah Brooks in the Century for March) I had hoped to see Mr. Hamlin renominated, and had anxiously given Mr. Lincoln many opportunities to say whether he preferred the renomination of the Vice-President; but he was craftily and rigidly non-committal, knowing, as he did, what was in my mind concerning Mr. Haullin. He wold refer to the matter only in the vaguest phrase, as "Mr. Hamlin is a very good man," or, "You being a New Englander, would naturally like to see Mr. Hamlin renominated; and you are quite right," and so on. By this time Lincoln's renomination was an absolute certainty, and he cheerfully conceded that point without any false modesty. But he could not be induced to express any opinion on the selection of a candidate for Vice-President. He did go so far as to say that he hoped that the convention would declare in favor of the constitutional amendment abolishing slavery as one of the articles of the party faith. But beyond that,

I may say here that when I returned from the convention I made a verbal report to the President and entertained him with an account of some of its doings, of which he had not previously heard; and he was then willing to admit that he would have been gratified if Mr. Hamlin had been renominated. But he said: "Some of our folks (referring, as I believed, to Republican leaders) had expressed the opinion that it would be wise to take a War Democrat as candidate for Vice-President; and that, if possible, a border-State man should be the nominee." Mr. Lincoln appeared to be satisfied with the result, saying, "Andy Johnson, I think, is a good man." Nevertheless, I have always been confident that Lincoln, left to himself, would have chosen that the old ticket of 1860—Lincoln and Hamlin—should be placed in the field. It is reasonable to suppose that he had resolved to leave the convention entirely free in its choice of a candidate for the second place on the ticket.

CORONADO

DURING THE WINTER



HAS THE WARMEST CLIMATE
IN CALIFORNIA.

The Pleasure Seeker Finds the greatest variety of enjoyments.

The greatest comfort and health-restoring atmosphere For The Invalid.

For The Tourist The finest winter sea-side resort in America.

Steamers throughout the year. 129 North Spring St., Los Angeles.

LA FIESTA.

ARRANGING PRIZES FOR THE FLORAL PAGEANT.

How the Masked Ball Will be Managed—The Display of Carnival Colors—The Official Flotilla.

The Floral Committee had another tussle yesterday with the list of prizes for the floral pageant. The letters of the alphabet had to be abandoned to designate the different classes for which premiums will be awarded, because it was exhausted and did not cover them all. The prizes include floats, all kinds of vehicles from coaches to farm wagons, equestrians and bicyclists, and range from \$125 to silk banners. There is no doubt that it is a striking inducement to all persons who can participate in the parade. The chance will be given to participants to elect which they will take the premium money in or some souvenir which the amount of the premium will buy, suitably engraved commemorative of the occasion. The committee is spending much time upon the list in order to cover all classes of vehicles, and as soon as it is completed it will be published. The committee continues to hear from people outside the city announcing that they will partake in the pageant, and Mr. Latham has come from a number of Riverside citizens who will send flowers in response to the request of the committee.

The Amusement Committee is at work on several charming surprises in the events which are under their especial care. Just now they are working upon a tall programme which will be sufficient to satisfy all, especially as a new one has been made. They are also perfecting their plan for opening the subscription lists for the ball, as no invitations will be issued. The committee will exercise supervision over the sale of tickets in accordance with a simple plan which will sufficiently insure those purchasing tickets from the association of persons who should not be present. Much interest in their power, the committee will make the ball a splendid affair, where the comfort and pleasure of all will be arranged for. Both galleries of the pavilion will be open for spectators. The tickets in the first row of the first balcony will be \$2, the next row \$1.50, and the remainder of the seats in that and the second gallery \$1.

Members of the committee have already had numerous applications for tickets, and from persons who did not participate last year. In fact as the time approaches it is not unusual. It will only be a short time now before the Decoration Committee, which has not been much in evidence as yet, will begin to clothe the principal streets in carnival array. This season they will have a number of new features in the street decorations, which will add to the handsomeness of the streets. The same careful attention will be given to artistic effects that have been the subject of so much deliberation by all the committee.

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There is a look like rain in the air and it will be welcome if it comes. A few more gentle spring showers to moisten growing things and the springing grasses will leap into fuller growth, the great fields of corn and grain will yield a richer harvest, and all the beautiful, blossoming world will smile in more glorious perfection, and the swaying boughs of our great oaks and wide-reaching vineyards will hang heavier with fruit for our coming harvests.

The woman suffragists of Pomona have adorned themselves in their war paint and are out after the legislators who killed their bill at Sacramento. No words are too strong to depict the indignation they feel at the "outrageous discrimination" against their sex, but they are quietly consoling themselves with the hope that, when it comes to a vote for a constitutional amendment to this "outrageous discrimination," they are going to get there with both feet.

The opening, for the first occasion, of the Chamber of Commerce during the evening, which took place on Saturday, was a thorough success and fully justified the expectations of the managers that the public would appreciate this new departure. Several hundred persons were present, a good many of whom evidently had never visited the chamber before. With the numerous interesting exhibits which are now so attractively displayed, the brilliant lights, and music well rendered on a piano, the Chamber of Commerce is certainly a most attractive free show, and it is likely that as soon as the public is generally aware that the hall is open on Saturday evenings it will be crowded with visitors.

LINCOLN AND HAMLIN.

The Former's Preference in the Matter of the Vice-Presidency.

(Noah Brooks in the Century for March) I had hoped to see Mr. Hamlin renominated, and had anxiously given Mr. Lincoln many opportunities to say whether he preferred the renomination of the Vice-President; but he was craftily and rigidly non-committal, knowing, as he did, what was in my mind concerning Mr. Haullin. He wold refer to the matter only in the vaguest phrase, as "Mr. Hamlin is a very good man," or, "You being a New Englander, would naturally like to see Mr. Hamlin renominated; and you are quite right," and so on. By this time Lincoln's renomination was an absolute certainty, and he cheerfully conceded that point without any false modesty. But he could not be induced to express any opinion on the selection of a candidate for Vice-President. He did go so far as to say that he hoped that the convention would declare in favor of the constitutional amendment abolishing slavery as one of the articles of the party faith. But beyond that,

I may say here that when I returned from the convention I made a verbal report to the President and entertained him with an account of some of its doings, of which he had not previously heard; and he was then willing to admit that he would have been gratified if Mr. Hamlin had been renominated. But he said: "Some of our folks (referring, as I believed, to Republican leaders) had expressed the opinion that it would be wise to take a War Democrat as candidate for Vice-President; and that, if possible, a border-State man should be the nominee." Mr. Lincoln appeared to be satisfied with the result, saying, "Andy Johnson, I think, is a good man." Nevertheless, I have always been confident that Lincoln, left to himself, would have chosen that the old ticket of 1860—Lincoln and Hamlin—should be placed in the field. It is reasonable to suppose that he had resolved to leave the convention entirely free in its choice of a candidate for the second place on the ticket.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR.

PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Los Angeles Times: — Wednesday, March 27, 1895

ASTON ELDRIDGE & CO.
REAL ESTATE AGENTS
AND
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Grand - Auction - Sale! AND EXCURSION TO THE FAMOUS Sunny Slope Ranch.

The L. J. Rose Company (Limited) of London, Owners.

We will offer, at Auction, on the Grounds,

SATURDAY, MARCH 30, at 1:00 P.M.

1000 - Choice Selected Acres - 1000

Of the Unsold Portion of the Ranch.

FROM LOS ANGELES.

Grand Excursion Train will leave the SOUTH-EASTERN PACIFIC ARCADE DEPOT ONLY, at 11 a.m. SATURDAY, MARCH 30, stopping at Alhambra about 11:15, thence direct to "Sunny Slope."

FROM PASADENA.

Train from Pasadena, ONLY OVER THE SAN FRANCISCO, will leave the depot at 11:30 a.m., stopping at Los Robles avenue, and carriages will be found at Lamanda Park to convey our guests FREE to the portion of the estate where the auction will be held.

50c---Round Trip Tickets---50c

Tickets will be sold at our office, 121 South Broadway, on and after March 21, and on the morning of the excursion tickets can be obtained at the Arcade Depot, Los Angeles and Alhambra, for the Southern Pacific train, and at the Main Depot in Pasadena, Hotel Green, for the Santa Fe train.

A FREE COLLATION

Will be served on the grounds at noon.

THE SALE WILL BEGIN PROMPTLY AT 1 O'CLOCK P.M.

For full particulars, with Catalogue, Subdivision Map, etc., apply to

Easton, Eldridge & Co.,

121 S. BROADWAY, LOS ANGELES.

Or 16 RAYMOND AVENUE, Pasadena, Cal.

H.JEVNE

Wholesale and Retail Grocer.

Finest Formosa Oolong Tea, Genuine O. G. Java Coffee, Genuine Arabian Mocha Coffee.

Also

A large assortment of KENNEDY'S CELEBRATED BISCUITS

136-138 North Spring Street.

BANKS.

OLDEST AND LARGEST BANK IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

Farmers' and Merchants' Bank of Los Angeles, Cal.

Capital (paid up).....\$500,000 Surplus.....\$25,000 Officers: L. W. Hellman, President; H. W. Helm, Vice-President; T. L. Miller, Cashier; W. J. Fleishman, Asst. Cashier.

TOTAL.....\$1,250,000 Directors: W. H. Perry, O. W. Childs, J. L. Lankershim, C. E. Thom, C. Ducommun, H. W. Helm, T. L. Miller, T. L. Dugue, L. W. Hellman. Sell and buy foreign and domestic exchange. Special collection department. Correspondence invited.

State Loan and Trust Company of Los Angeles.

CAPITAL PAID UP IN GOLD COIN.....\$500,000

A general banking business transacted. Interest paid on time deposits. We act as trustees, guardians, administrators, etc. Safe deposit boxes for rent.

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS.

J. WOOLLACOTT, President; J. F. TOWELL, 1st Vice-President; WARREN GILLETT, 2d Vice-President; C. E. COPE, Asst. Cashier.

GEO. H. BONEBRAKE, B. P. PORTER, F. C. HOWES, R. H. HOWELL, P. M. GREEN, W. P. GARDINER, B. F. BALL.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CALIFORNIA.

The National Bank of California is one of the few banks that successfully stood the shock of the late panic and maintained full coin payment right through.

The National Bank of California pays no interest on deposits in any form, offers no special inducements for business, other than reliability when the customers exercise their right to demand payment.

In the matter of loans it looks more to reliability than high rates of interest, and desires on loans except from good and reliable parties, and then exacts good security, believing that no loans are better or more reliable than its loans.

DIRECTORS: W. H. HELLMAN, President; H. W. HELLMAN, Vice-President; T. L. MILLER, Cashier; W. J. FLEISHMAN, Asst. Cashier.

Paid-up capital.....\$200,000 Surplus and undivided profits.....23,000

DIRECTORS: Isaac W. Hellman, John E. Plater, Herman W. Hellman, I. W. Hellman, Jr., W. M. Caswell. Interest paid on deposits.

This bank has no deposits of either the County or City Treasurer, and therefore no preferred creditors.

LOS ANGELES NATIONAL BANK—UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.

Capital stock.....\$500,000 Surplus.....\$75,000

STILL AT IT.

The Libel Suit Pending in Department Three.

B. Duncan Trying to Find Out Whether or not He is an "Erratic Bloviator."

Railroad Officials Tell of the Part He Played During the Strike—The Plaintiff's Lawyers Sick. The Proceedings.

The Blanton Duncan libel suit against the Times-Mirror Company came again up for further hearing before Judge York in Department Three of the Superior Court yesterday.

It came to a temporary stop at an early hour of the afternoon owing to the plaintiff—as he expressed it—being taken by surprise, but in reality it's suspected to have been the result of double back-action of that Evil Eye that has already caused some forty-six people to cross the River Styx, and join the great majority. It is true that the witness Le Veen, who gave plaintiff's counsel such a merry time, is laid out on a bed of sickness, but on the other hand the three lawyers that have been identified with B. Duncan have come to grief. Judge Carpenter has telegraphed that he is indisposed, Judge Blair is very ill, and Attorney Brunson is also confined to his home by indisposition. This can hardly be put down as mere coincidence, it seems more likely that it is the retroactive effect of that Evil Eye that has brought death to so many men, and desolation to so many homes.

The plaintiff was early on hand yesterday, looking very chipper with a summer straw hat cocked rakishly on his head. The following look of the day took a grim place to a slice out of the average man, and the scissors had narrowed the straggling beard to something like reasonable limits. Inasmuch as B. Duncan was unassisted by counsel, he rose to the occasion and displayed pugnacity—that is of a legal sort—enough for two.

COL. OTIS ON THE STAND.

Col. H. G. Otis resumed the witness stand, and was asked by plaintiff to identify various articles alleged by him to have been written by plaintiff, and which were published in The Times. Articles entitled "Seals, Diplomacy and Prophecy," "Portents of the Times," and "A Thistle Whose Other Name is Blanton Duncan," the reading of which afforded a minimum of entertainment with a maximum of weariness to all who did not even care to read them.

Mr. White. That is all.

CROSS EXAMINATION BY DUNCAN.

Q. You state that you knew of a speech reported by the plaintiff in this case. Did you hear that speech? A. I did not.

Q. It is a rumor, then, that you heard, simply. A. Well, it was common report through the press and by word of mouth, and Blanton Duncan himself told me he was about to make such a speech.

Q. Whereof? A. He said up by the old Courthouse.

Q. At the old Courthouse? A. In that vicinity.

Q. When was that date? A. I could not say the exact date, but I met you on the street and you told me you were going to make a speech up there and would like to have me come up and hear it.

Q. What month was that? A. It was in July.

Q. You don't know that any speech was made there? A. I never heard it; no sir.

Q. You say there was a great disturbance and excitement around your depot. There were all sorts of elements in that crowd? A. I have no doubt.

Q. They were not hostile to the strikers? A. There was—the strikers were present in goodly numbers.

Q. How many persons were around the depot? A. Well, it would vary at different hours of the day. Some hours perhaps 300, other hours perhaps 100; others probably more. They would change, going from one part to another.

Q. Didn't he attempt to do any damage to your trains or interfere with them? A. Well, there were attempts, but, as I said, there was no very serious damage accomplished.

Q. Who did that? A. Well, they were people that were interested in this strike.

Q. How do you know? A. Well, we had some of them under arrest.

Q. Did you punish them? A. There have been some of them punished, yes.

Q. Will you name those that were punished that were engaged in any disturbance at that time? A. There are some of them here in the jail, I think, at the present time.

Q. You don't know? A. There is one that I remember had eight months; I don't think the eight months have expired.

Q. There is one. You don't know his name? A. I could produce the name for you.

Q. No application to increase wages or anything of that kind? A. No, sir. No question arising between the employer and employee whatever.

Q. No objection to your schedules? A. No sir.

Mr. White. Take the witness.

CROSS-EXAMINATION.

Q. You heard through the newspaper that the plaintiff made a speech? A. Yes, sir.

Q. You didn't hear that speech? A. No sir.

Q. You know nothing about it? A. I know nothing of it.

Q. And did you hear that he made the speech? A. I heard of it through the newspapers.

Q. Where did you hear, where that he made the speech? A. In one of the halls, some hall in the city here. I don't recollect what hall it was.

Q. Large meeting; public meeting? A. I understood so.

Q. Hazard's Pavilion? A. I don't know where it was. I don't recollect the location of the hall at least. I don't recollect hearing where the meeting was held.

Q. But it was a large public meeting. A. I understood so.

Q. Large number, 300 or 400 persons down there? A. I don't know the number.

Q. You didn't hear that? A. No sir.

Q. Did you hear him speak approximately what day it was? Was it on the 20th of June? I could not say now as to when the strike was held. It was when the strike was right at its height. Some several of my men who were loyal at the time came to me and reported directly after the meeting what they had heard.

Q. Do you recollect what day they reported to you? Was it on Sunday? A. No, I do not. It was the night of the meeting.

Q. Was it Saturday? A. I could not tell you the date.

Q. It was a large public meeting? A. I understood so.

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Q. You didn't hear that? A. No sir.

Q. Did you hear him speak approximately what day it was? Was it on the 20th of June? I could not tell you the date.

Q. Do you remember whether there was any interference with the conducting of business by the railroad of which you are division superintendent? A. There was.

Q. Do you recollect what day they reported to you? Was it on Sunday? A. No, I do not. It was the night of the meeting.

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Q. Large number, 300 or 400 persons down there? A. I don't know the number.

Q. You didn't hear that? A. No sir.

Q. Did you hear him speak approximately what day it was? A. It was early in July. I could not tell you the date.

Q. About what time, in connection with the maximum disturbance of the strike? A. I should say it was while it was in its full force.

Q. Yes sir. During the period involved in the strike state whether there was any obstruction of interstate traffic upon the trains and whether you made the arrangements with the Santa Fe system.

Q. Carrying United States mails and passengers between the States? A. Yes sir.

Q. And generally engaged in commerce between the States? A. Yes sir.

Q. Were you in this city at the time of the so-called railroad strike which occurred during the year 1894? A. Yes sir.

Q. In what part of the year was that strike prevalent in this city? A. The latter part of June and the early part of July.

Q. When did it reach its height? A. About the 4th of July, I think, or between the 2nd and 4th.

Q. Between the 2nd and 4th of July, 1894? A. Yes sir.

Q. Were you superintendent of the road of which you are now superintendent, at that time—general manager? A. Yes sir.

Q. Are you acquainted with Col. Duncan? A. I know him to speak to him.

Q. Do you remember hearing of a speech delivered by the colonel in the series of part of July, on the 2d or 3d? A. There was such a speech reported in the paper.

Q. Do you remember about what time that was in July? A. It was early in July. I could not tell you the date.

Q. About what time, in connection with the maximum disturbance of the strike? A. I should say it was while it was in its full force.

Q. Yes sir. During the period involved in the strike state whether there was any obstruction of interstate traffic upon the trains and whether you made the arrangements with the Santa Fe system.

A. Simply suspended for seven or eight days.

Q. For what reason? A. Because the men refused to work.

Q. The A.R.U. Society? A. The organization, whatever it was.

Q. Of the railroad people, the employees? A. The employees.

NO DISPUTE.

Q. Was there any dispute between your company and them regarding wages or anything of that sort? A. No dispute in regard to any matter whatever.

Q. What was the condition of the strike? A. Simply because somebody in the East ordered it. The strike; I suppose Mr. Duncan, to the best of my information.

Q. They had no personal grievances of any kind? A. No sir.

Q. During that time were you able to move any trains going east at all, during that seven or eight days? A. No sir.

Q. Were you able to get any employees to operate the trains? A. Not many. We could after time to look around a little.

Q. Did you get any employees to operate the trains until after the injunctions were issued by the United States Court? A. Well, not to any extent. I think we had one or two; not many.

Q. During that time, during the height of the strike, state whether there was any disturbance or excitement in this community, a great deal of excitement, and people were congregated more than the usual condition when matters are normal.

Q. You have a depot—your company has a large depot in this city, is it not? A. Yes sir.

Q. Where passengers and freight are taken and transferred? A. Yes sir.

Q. During the height of the strike were there many strikes gathered around there? A. Yes sir.

Q. Any disturbance of any sort occur there? A. Nothing of any serious nature, for the reason that we provided ample police force and special men to protect us and our property.

Q. Any of your trains derailed or trains injured in any way? A. Nothing serious; not now, but a great many petty annoyances—anything that tended to delay or interfere with the movement of trains.

Q. The troops of the army of the United States present here during that time? A. They arrived here about the 4th or 5th of July.

Q. That is, while the strike was at its height? A. At Mission Junction just at the second crossing of the Los Angeles River.

Q. At what time was that, what date? A. 7 p.m. It was about between 6 and 7 p.m. on the 10th. I think it was the 10th.

Q. Was there any such violence of any kind about that time? A. There was a dynamite cartridge placed on the track at the Arcade Depot just prior to the movement of an engine and trains along there.

Q. That is the principal depot of the Southern Pacific in this city, is it not? A. Yes sir.

Q. That is, passenger depot? A. That was a secret meeting, but some of those that were in the meeting reported that had been held there. They also at that meeting arranged for the overturning of cars.

Q. Were any cars overturned? A. There were.

Q. Cars of the Southern Pacific? A. Yes sir.

Q. Where? A. At Mission Junction just at the second crossing of the Los Angeles River.

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THE PUBLIC SERVICE

Saloons and Social Evil Before Police Board

Chief Instructed to Remove the Cribs from New High and Alameda Streets.

Judge Shaw Decides the Whittier Case in Favor of the County—Parcels Acquitted of Forgery.

The Police Commission instructed the Chief of Police yesterday to use all means in his power to remove the lewd women from New High and Alameda streets. The saloon question was discussed at length, but no action was taken on it.

At the Courthouse yesterday the preliminary hearing into the Pico Heights arson case was concluded, Justice Young holding Mrs. Platt to answer under \$2000 bonds. Charles S. Parcels was tried and acquitted of forgery in Judge Smith's court. A decision of considerable importance to the county was rendered by Judge Shaw in the Whittier State School case.

AT THE CITY HALL.

The Police Commission. DISCUSSION OF SIN IN SOME OF ITS PHASES.

The Police Commission discussed the question of social evil at the meeting yesterday. The discussion was not from a theological standpoint, but rather with a view to public policy. Various opinions were expressed as to the best manner in which to deal with the matter. It is declared that the devil will care for his own, and that if evil of a certain kind be driven from one locality it would not be necessary for the authorities to find a place for it elsewhere. This opinion, however, did not meet with the approval of the majority.

The commission met soon after 10 o'clock, all the members being present. The meeting was attended by Councilman Savage, who is the chairman of the committee of the City Council appointed to investigate the complaints in reference to the social evil on Alameda street, and by Councilman Kingery, who is also a member of that committee. President Teed of the City Council, Councilman Stockwell and others were present during the session.

On reports of the Chief petitions were granted as presented by Steffer & Nicholson for a transfer of saloon license at Nos. 103 and 105 South Los Angeles street, from J. N. Nicholson and of Fred Hodder for a saloon license on Wilshire avenue, between Fourth and Fifth streets.

The application of M. L. Polanski & Co. for a restaurant liquor license at No. 215 Spring Street was reported on, and Commissioner Barham moved that it be granted.

Commissioner Pirtle moved that the application be denied. He said he knew of no other reason for granting the application unless it were for the purpose of evading the Sunday closing law.

It was argued by Commissioner Barham that the saloon keeper should be discriminated against a man who had put up a large amount of good money into a business in favor of other saloons. The applicant had fitted up a place to do a legitimate business, and if the request were not granted, it would practically close up his Sunday restaurant, for people would not take their meals where they could not have liquid refreshments with them if they desired. He (Barham) would not eat at a restaurant where he could not have liquid refreshments with his meals if he wanted them.

"You ought not to draw the line so closely on a first-class establishment," said Mayor Rader.

The question was raised as to whether restaurant liquor licenses were not granted as asked it would not shut the applicant off from the privilege of serving liquor at all in his restaurant. "When a saloon man," said the Mayor, "tries to get a restaurant liquor license for his place so that he may use it as cover for selling liquor on Sunday, serving with it a sandwich or some similar apology for a meal, I am ready to vote with you against the granting of the application asked. In a case like this one, however, I am not." Commissioner Weber said he did not see how the board could discriminate too far in the question. The motion of Commissioners Barham to grant the license was renewed by that member, and was seconded by Commissioner Field. The motion was adopted without a roll call vote and the one heard to vote against it was Commissioner Pirtle.

A communication was presented from Capt. Smith stating that he had obtained from Officer Antonio Perich a drunken condition in a saloon fighting with another man who was also intoxicated. The appointment of Perich as special policeman was thereupon revoked. A communication was received from Capt. Smith stating that last June Officer Field obtained from Capt. Smith \$10 to borrow \$20 from her. He afterward took \$10 from the purse and had paid only \$7.50 of it. The master was referred to a committee consisting of Commissioners Weber and Pirtle for investigation.

An application of E. Bostwick for an application of F. K. Wendt for service in connection with some of the floats for the fests was granted. A petition asking that the social evil be removed from Alameda street as referred to the City Council was read and Councilman Savage, chairman of the specific council committee, for which the latter had been chosen, said that he had said before he would be one of the first to move prostitutes from Alameda street. The question however was where to put them. He wanted them put out of the Eighth Ward.

"I have given the master a good deal of thought," said Commissioner Pirtle. "I have talked with Mr. Bauer and the Shaefer brothers in reference to it and the ing' or have told me that if the police would ante, the prostitutes located in other parts of the city and have it understood that they will not be allowed if they go to those houses to be built east of Alameda street and south of Marquette street, where they would be willing to build such houses."

"My opinion is," said Councilman Kingery, "that when you try to handle an evil like that with gloves on you will get your hands dirty before you get through with it. As far as the action that either a place must be provided for these prostitutes they must not be disturbed in their present location, they are scattered about town already. The devil will find a place for his own material. For us to try to make it is merely to encourage it. This commission ought not to countenance the evil."

Major Rader said it was admitted the evil could not be done away with. These women would carry on their trade somewhere.

It was stated by Commissioner Pirtle that the laws were such that it was almost impossible to convict a woman of an offense for living in a house by herself and cohabiting with a man. Such being the case there was little the board could do.

"But you ought to try to do something," said Councilman Kingery.

On the motion of the board was called in He said that the laws as there shall be no prostitution. In regard to the statement that the Supreme Court of the State had decided that a woman living in a house by herself and cohabiting with a man was not conducting a house of prostitution, one of the Superior Courts in the Southern counties had so decided, but

there had not been such a decision rendered by the Supreme Court. There was no official way in which the social evil could be confined to one locality, but there were practical means of accomplishing the same end.

"The evil," said Councilman Kingery, "is increasing faster than sweet potatoes." Major Rader said he thought Los Angeles was not such a bad city that the fact of the existence of evil in it ought to be constant.

"But," said Commissioner Pirtle, "those cribs on Alameda street are constantly advertising themselves to the people coming into and going out of town on the railroad running past there."

President Teed of the City Council, who had been silently listening to the discussion, was called upon to give his opinion to the question. At first he appeared inclined not to say anything on it, but after a moment's pause made a few remarks which warmed noticeably as he proceeded and was once or twice contradicted. He said that as had been remarked by the Mayor, Los Angeles was a clean city. He believed that the proper attitude in taking in agitating such questions as this too much. The social evil had existed since time began and would exist till the world was no more. The only practical solution of the question was for the commission to control it by the use of such means as could be used. The difficulties of the proposition were usually brought about by impracticable people.

"I move," said Commissioner Pirtle, "that the Chief of Police consult the City Attorney and use all the means in his power to remove the prostitutes from New High and Alameda streets."

The motion was adopted without a roll call.

Applications were received and referred to the Chief as follows: Joseph Cosgrove, for transfer of saloon license at No. 126 North Los Angeles street from Watson & Converse; P. Roaldo & Co., for a transfer of saloon license at No. 66 Main street from A. Lazear; J. L. Menett, for a restaurant liquor license at No. 66 Upper Main street; and A. G. McInnis, for a restaurant liquor license at No. 1520 San Fernando street.

A communication from the City Council stated that the City Attorney had received a request that the Council instruct him definitely in regard to the provisions which it is desired to insert in the ordinance requiring all saloons to be closed on Sunday, had been referred to the Police Commission.

Commissioner Pirtle then presented the following resolution, and moved its adoption:

"Whereas it is a difficult matter under the present State laws to close saloons on Sundays and between the hours of 12 o'clock p.m. and 5 o'clock a.m., and whereas we deem it for the best interests of the public that all saloons be closed on Sundays and between the hours of midnight and 5 a.m.; therefore be it resolved, that from and after April 1, 1895, any saloon that admits anyone not a regular employee or permits any one to remain in the saloon or any room connected therewith during the period from midnight and 5 a.m. and on Sundays shall have their license revoked and no license shall be granted to said parties or any one of them for a period of six months thereafter."

"Resolved, further, that from and after the date above named, no restaurant holding a restaurant liquor license shall be permitted to sell liquor between the hours of midnight and 5 a.m. and on Sundays."

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"Commissioner Pirtle argued that unless some measures of the kind proposed were to be taken, the board would be permitting discrimination in favor of a restaurateur paying a dollar a month for a license while a policeman paying a license of \$50 per month. It would be manifestly unfair to let a man have a license for \$3 per month, and sell liquor on Sundays and after midnight under it, while at the same time a saloon-keeper paying a license of \$50 per month, and not sell liquor at all at all times during the day. The Sunday-closing ordinance, he said, is almost a dead letter. It is difficult to secure a conviction under it, and when a saloon-keeper is convicted he pays him \$15 or \$25 fine and can afford to pose as far as his pocketbook will allow."

"When I approach the proprietor of a hotel and endeavor to point out to him what an advantage a fire escape would be if anything should happen, he is very likely to be both ungrateful and intrepid and it is difficult to convince him that his building is unsafe. In some instances a good deal of time is consumed in inducing people to attach proper fire escapes to their buildings."

The body of one of the ordinances to which Chief Moore called attention is as follows:

"All buildings, excepting such as are used for private residences exclusively, of three or more stories in height, shall be provided with one or more metallic ladders or fire escapes, with balconies and railings to extend front of and to communicate with one window in each story, extending from first story to upper stories of such buildings, and shall be attached to the walls. They shall be of such location and numbers, and of such material and construction as the superintendent of buildings, fire chief or fire commissioners may determine. After such determination the Superintendent of Buildings, by notice, will cause such metallic ladder or fire escape to be placed on buildings within thirty days of the serving of such notice. Provided, however, that all buildings more than two stories in height used for manufacturing purposes shall have one metallic ladder or fire escape for every twenty-five persons or less employed above the second story."

Postpone action on the question for one week.

The board then adjourned.

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For Better Fire Protection.

CHIEF MOORE TALKS ABOUT LADDER ESCAPES.

Fire Chief Moore was a very busy man when a reporter called to see him yesterday afternoon. He was getting bills and other matters in shape for the meeting of the Fire Commission to be held this morning. There were regulations to right of him, bills to left of him, letters in front of him, and other things behind him.

"Yes, this business keeps me working most of the time," said he, "but my superintendence requires a great deal of work, and I have to do it."

"I move," said Commissioner Pirtle,

"that the Chief of Police consult the City Attorney and use all the means in his power to remove the prostitutes from New High and Alameda streets."

The motion was adopted without a roll call.

Applications were received and referred to the Chief as follows: Joseph Cosgrove, for transfer of saloon license at No. 126 North Los Angeles street from Watson & Converse; P. Roaldo & Co., for a transfer of saloon license at No. 66 Main street from A. Lazear; J. L. Menett, for a restaurant liquor license at No. 66 Upper Main street; and A. G. McInnis, for a restaurant liquor license at No. 1520 San Fernando street.

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HELD FOR ARSON.

MRS. AMELIA PLATT OF PICO HEIGHTS UNDER BONDS.

She Will be Tried on the Charge of Burning Her Own House—A Bundle of Clothes as Testimony.

The preliminary hearing of the case against Mrs. Amelia Platt of Pico Heights, who was charged with arson, was concluded before Justice Young of the Township Court yesterday afternoon, the defendant being held to answer in the Superior Court under bonds in the sum of \$2000.

The day's proceedings commenced with the cross-examination of Little Fannie Knox, the bright ten-year-old child of Mrs. Julia Knox, who was originally made the co-defendant in the case, but was discharged for lack of evidence. No new facts were brought out by the prosecuting attorney, the child simply reiterating what she had testified to upon direct examination a week ago. She was unable to recollect much that occurred on the night of the fire, but what few facts she did remember she testified to positively and unhesitatingly. Mrs. Williams attempted to show that the child had been coached, but this she flatly denied.

The defendant, Mrs. Amelia Platt, was the next witness called to the stand. She testified in her own behalf to the effect that she came to this city in March, 1893, and had been employed as janitress at the Sand-street school building continuously since that time. She denied the allegations made by Mrs. Dunham specifically, generally and emphatically, and insisted that she rented the house on Lightning street, Pico Heights, for the purpose of living in it with her invalid sister, and that she did live in it, despite the fact that her sister did not come down from San Francisco as she had expected.

She stated that on the day prior to the burning of her house she spent the day with her friend Mrs. Knox at the request of the latter's husband. Mrs. Knox was very sick, and she and Mrs. Kiley ministered to her wants all day. About 8 o'clock in the evening Mrs. Knox became so much worse that Mrs. Platt ran over to her own house to get some medicine. On arriving at her house she lit a lamp, obtained the medicine and went back, but whether or not she lit the lamp remained in the mind of the court.

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MORE EXCURSIONISTS.

The following named passengers arrived in Los Angeles on the East Tuesday morning on the Huntington excursion: W. H. Hollingsworth, Mrs. W. H. Hollingsworth, Elsie M. Hollingsworth; Elmer J. Hollingsworth, Miss Frank L. Hollingsworth, Orle Hollingsworth, Joseph R. Hollingsworth, Miss Gertrude Hollingsworth, Charlton, Iowa; Mrs. O. Oesinghaus, Miss Willie Oesinghaus, New York City; H. Coombs, Boston, Mass.; Mrs. P. Van Kirk, D. H. Pritchard, Mrs. D. H. Pritchard, Victor Pritchard, David Moore, Chicago; Mrs. L. W. Smith, Miss Nedie Southover, Broken Bay, N. S., T. E. Hart, Mrs. T. E. Hart, Miss Ethel Hart, Orla, Iowa; Mrs. C. Nickerson, Isidor Riley, Chicago; Mrs. J. Cluff, Port Huron, Mich.; Welcome Smith, Grand Island, Neb.; C. H. C. Maus, Creston, Iowa; F. A. Brezing, Lincoln Neb.

SCRAP HEAP.

The Santa Fe will make low passenger rates for the fests from all points on the Southern California lines, the rate will be a fare and one-third for the round trip, but from points on the road between the Atlantic and Pacific the rate will be lower, less than one fare for the round trip.

W. A. Mitchell, agent for the Santa Fe, at San Bernardino, visited headquarters here yesterday.

General Freight Agent Gay of the Southern California lines, returned yesterday from a business visit to San Francisco.

S. B. Hynes, formerly general freight agent of the Southern California lines in Los Angeles, went up to San Francisco yesterday. It is rumored that he is to become connected with the Union Pacific system.

The lawyers thought, he being such a nice young man, they would not be hard on him, so they fixed their fee at only \$50. Besides this, Mr. Morse had advanced him \$2 to buy delicacies while in jail to vary the monotony of the coarse prison fare. Mr. Davis paid the telegraph toll, \$2.50, all of which was to be repaid when the young man got his remittance.

Less than two hours after sending the telegram, Mr. Davis received an order for \$75 came from Kersey's friend, Humphrey, the St. Paul hardware merchant. When Kersey got the money dispatch, J. R. Rush, Mr. Davis' law partner, went with him to the Western Union telegraph office to identify him. The money was promptly paid over, and Kersey said he would go to Mr. Davis' office at once to settle with him. Mr. Rush had an engagement elsewhere, and the two men left company. That was the last seen of Kersey by any of the gentlemen concerned for several days. Finally Mr. Morse succeeded in finding him at the Crocker house. Kersey apologized for not having made a settlement, giving illness as his excuse, and promising to pay next day, as the money was in a bank and he could not get at it.

By this time the lawyers had become convinced that their client, despite his gentle manners and high connections, was a swindler and a thief. Mr. Davis went to see him next, and asked for an order on the bank where he had the money, but Kersey refused to give it. Davis then told him in plain language what he thought of him, and said he was sorry he had disillusioned the District Attorney not to prosecute him. He then told him that he felt it his duty to write to his benefactor in St. Paul in order to show him how his confidence had been abused.

Kersey seemed to treat the whole matter as a huge joke, and practically admitted that he was a swindler and a thief, as the following sarcastic letter which he wrote to the attorneys after his last interview with Mr. Davis shows:

SAN DIEGO.

More Conflicts Between Water Companies—New Evening Paper.

SAN DIEGO, March 26.—(Special Correspondence.) The board of directors met today to consider a contract with the Mountain Stream Water Company to water the 43,000 acres of the district for \$25,000 in bonds, and \$175,000 in water rights, damages, etc. It is reported that the Mt. Tecate Water Company proposed to try and underbid the Mountain Stream Company in its effort to do business with the Linda Vista people. The Mt. Tecate people appear desirous to obstruct the Mountain Stream Company, as they know that by so doing they hinder the work of water companies who are not being carried on over the mountains. It is rumored that he is to become connected with the Union Pacific system.

On April 1 the Santa Fe's new east-bound postal rate will go into effect. The rate is 6 cents a hundred, a reduction of 15 cents.

In order to refute Mrs. Dunham's testimony with respect to the bundle of clothing which she stated had been left at her house by Mrs. Platt, the defense produced a telescope basket containing several skirts, which had been sent down from San Francisco to the defendant's attorneys. It was shown by the defendant that she had asked Mrs. Knox to send the bundle to Mr. Budd, and had given her \$1 with which to pay the expressage. Each article of clothing was identified.

Mrs. Platt was closely cross-examined at some length by Mr. Williams, but was not shaken upon any material point, her memory being conveniently defective when pressed.

H. A. Carter, Esq., of counsel for the defendant, took the stand and tendered to the court a letter to Mrs. Platt, early in the case, requesting the return of the skirts referred to, as they were important factors in the case. As the goods did not come as early as expected he wrote and telephoned over Mrs. Platt's name on Thursday or Friday last, and the package arrived on Monday morning.

The defense then sought to introduce evidence tending to show that the appraisers who adjusted the loss some months ago, found that Mrs. Platt's actual loss was greater than for which she was insured, but the court held that this was not material, as the appraisers knew nothing of the value of the property beyond the price paid for it, and it was not submitted.

J. B. Millard, principal of the San-J street school, was then called as a character witness, but never having heard Mrs. Platt's reputation discussed, his testimony did not materially aid the defense.

Mrs. Driscoll and Mr. McGinn, upon recall, were fully and satisfactorily identified as two of the skirts offered as evidence, having been given to Mrs. Platt by them.

Mrs. Platt, the defendant, was then recalled by Mr. Williams for further cross-examination, and admitted having sent a package to Stetler at San Francisco, for her sister, about two weeks ago; but averred that it only contained ten yards of calico and some hose. She could not remember whether she purchased it at Shewell's or at the Pacific Merchantile. As she had destroyed the shipping receipt for this package, Mr. Williams called upon the court to issue a subpoena duces tecum for the shipping clerk at Wells, Farn & Co.'s office, and his books for the past year, in order to find out where and to whom Mrs. Platt had sent packages lately. Meantime, however, the defense recited that she had by Mr. Durban, upon being recalled, rebutted the defense. Such a record would have been won, the defense were the same she had shipped, the other two were not at all similar. She also swore that a "froshayed" shawl and two red skirts were missing from the bundle.

At the close of her testimony, Mr. Williams was waiting for his Wells-Farn & Co. witness, and asked that the defendant be held in suspense.

Mrs. Platt, upon being recalled in rebuttal, denied that she ever had a "froshayed" shawl—but admitted having had a red crocheted shawl which Mrs. Driscoll gave her.

Mr. Pierce thereupon, without even rising from his seat, confidently asked the court to release his client.

Justice Young, however, to the surprise of the defendant and her, remarked that he was satisfied that a public offense had been committed and that there was probable cause for the belief that the defendant, Mrs. Platt, was guilty of its commission, and he therefore held her to answer to the charge of arson.

Mr. Pierce made a final effort to induce this ineffectual, altered his tactics and endeavored to secure his client's release by fixing the bail at \$2000, and Mrs. Platt, subsequently furnished bonds in that amount, her sureties being D. Bayliss, \$2000; Mrs. Julia Knox and H. A. Carter, \$1000 each.

Police Court Notes.

E. W. Meyer, the colored man arrested by Officer Matuszkiewicz Sunday evening for fast driving, was fined \$1 by Justice Morrison.

Barthol Understein, the aged German convicted of pica larceny for stealing a few lumps of coal from the Southern Pacific Railroad, was sentenced to state jail.

Nannie Martines, convicted of vagrancy, was given a fuster of sixty days on condition that she would immediately leave the city.

Tom Reynolds, arrested for disturbing the peace and released on his own recogni-

tion, failed to appear for trial yesterday afternoon as ordered.

Justice Owens has the case of Ah Jim, charged with violation of the lottery ordinance under advisement.

Wong Hane, arrested for having a lottery ticket in his possession will have a hearing April 3.

Ah Sam, charged with a similar offense, has his trial set for April 3.

Wong Fee, arrested for selling opium by Officer Ritch, has been ordered to appear before Justice Morrison March 28, to plead.

John Henison, accused of visiting an opium joint, will be tried at the same time as Wong Fee.

Charles Pinard will be examined on the charge of grand larceny at 3 p.m. today.

Louisa Machado will have a hearing on the charge of violating the liquor license ordinance at 9:30 a.m. today.

E. J. Culbert will answer to a similar charge at 10 a.m.

Nick Witz, another alleged offender by Officer Ritch, has been ordered to appear before Justice Morrison March 28, to plead.

THE SUNSET LIMITED.

Will be Taken Off for the Summer.

Other Notes.

Assistant General Passenger Agent J. M. Crawley announced that the last trip of the Sunset Limited will be made from San Francisco and from New Orleans on Thursday, April 11. This is carrying out the original intention, which was to withdraw from service that train in the month of April.

During the first months of its operation the train has given satisfaction to patrons of the road on account of its superior service and fast time, and has doubtless contributed in a great measure to building up the winter traffic to California, the larger portion of which stop off at Los Angeles.

"While the Southern Pacific Company has not outlined any definite plan for service next winter," says Mr. Crawley, "we can safely promise an increased service and an equipment superior to anything yet known to transcontinental traffic."

THE OLD FOLKS AT HOME.

Where the Aged Folks Are Cared for—*For Mother's Day.*

(From the Providence, R. I., Journal.)

Somewhat removed from the city of Providence, on the main highway to Pawtucket, stands that magnificent charitable institution known as the Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor. Here a company of aged women, mostly old colored slaves, care for the old and the infirm who are unable to care for themselves.

Mother Aurelia presides over this well-known institution, and with her associates ministers to the wants of over two hundred old people, women and men. An important feature of the Home is a well-appointed pharmacy in charge of one of the sisters. The apothecary is a woman of great skill, who, though she has no formal training, has learned to mix all sorts of remedies and concoctions of her own.

It is to be expected, the aged inmates of the Home are in constant need of medical attention, although, so carefully are they tended, few are really sick enough to be in the hospital wing at any time. But all of them are subject to the many necessities of old age, such as Pain-Killer has come to be a remedy for.

Mother Aurelia says that Pain-Killer has quite superseded the drugs and prescriptions for use among the old people. When the limbs twitch with rheumatism, the fair sister in charge of the pharmacy gives them a massage with pure Pain-Killer. When the old men and old women suffer from their many stomach troubles, little Pain-Killer will relieve them of a certain amount of pain and quick relief. When the venerable heads are racked with pain, Pain-Killer is again put to service promptly. The old people love it and rely upon it. They testify that it uses externally a quickly efficacious, and internally, is unaccompanied by any after ill effects—which, at their age, must never be risked.

HAIR GOODS**TOILET ARTICLES.**

Hair Dressing, Shampooing,

Manicuring,

For ladies and gentlemen.

Largest assortment of real shell ornaments in the city.

Mrs. C. N. Smith &

Mrs. C. C. Carpenter.

133 STIMSON BLOCK.

HE HAD THE "SAVY."**HOW A ST. PAUL FELLOW BEAT HIS LAWYERS.**

Got Out of Trouble as Easily as He Got into It—Some Good Advice is Gratuiously Bestowed.

A good story is told on ex-Deputy District Attorney Le Compte Davis and Hal Morse as to how those rising young barristers were "bilked" out of a fee and certain small sums of money they advanced a client they helped out of a serious scrape.

Besides mourning the loss of their clients, they are pondering over some fatherly advice volunteered by the said client, who, although of tender years, has proved himself to be wise beyond his day and generation. The circumstances as related to a reporter by Messrs. Davis and Morse themselves, are substantially as follows:

"About two months ago a young man named Fred S. Kersey was arrested on the charge of grand larceny or embezzlement, for having borrowed a bicycle under an assumed name and failed to return it to the owners at the time agreed upon.

Circumstances strongly indicated that Kersey intended to make way with the wheel, and he was committed to the County Jail to await trial by the Superior Court.

Monday was a red-letter day for Claremont. The funeral of John Urbonius, a long-time postmaster of Claremont, occurred yesterday. Mr. Urbonius died of Bright's disease. He leaves a widow and two small children.

Tuesday was a red-letter day for Claremont. The Horticultural Club. The music rooms of Summer Hall were crowded with a delighted audience. Prof. Howard gave a very practical address on "Maintaining the Health of the Soil of Our Orchards."

That all were deeply interested was manifested by the many questions asked at the close of the lecture.

Prof. McClatchie explained the physiology of plant growth so as to interest and edify all.

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March 26.—(Special Correspondence.) Gen. O. O. Howard paid Pomona College a visit last week. He delighted all with a very practical address.

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Fin de Siecle Advertising.
A famous detective who "wanted" his man, Thought to advertise for him was best, And the criminal, seeing his ad, quickly ran And placed himself under arrest! — (Printers' Ink).

Tickets for Mrs. Ewing's lecture on bread-making Thursday afternoon at Y. M. C. A. Hall may be obtained at the Y. W. C. A. rooms, No. 107 North Spring street, at any time. General admission 50 cents; members of Y. W. C. A. 25 cents.

One-half dollar tickets in the Royal Bakery restaurant can be purchased by good, reliable man only, who can be of good assistance to the management. For particulars call at No. 118 South Spring street, between 3 and 4 p.m. Principals only.

A large sectional map of the nine southern counties of California, elegantly mounted, given away with one-year subscription to the "Times," \$1.00 to the Saturday Times and Weekly Mirror, and \$1 additional.

Special excursion to the famous Elsinore Hot Springs, Saturday, March 30. This is a charming scenic resort; fine fishing and boating on the lake; get full particulars at Santa Fe ticket office, No. 129 North Spring street.

The "Popes vs. Secret Societies" will be the subject of W. A. Knighton's lecture at the Tabernacle Temple tonight; benefit of the women of the A. P. A. Every one should hear it.

For tally-ho rides to Pasadena, Baldwin's ranch and San Gabriel Mission, register your name at the St. George stables, No. 610 South Broadway.

Twenty-five saddle horses for sale or rent; also riding school connected with stable, No. 814 South Grand avenue. Telephone 730.

Krogh & Breslow, funeral directors, corner Sixth and Broadway. Open day and night. Lady attendant. Telephone No. 243. All grades at the finale of the Golden Rule Banquet, must be sold this week at extra price. No. 247 South Spring street.

Mantels, tiles, office fittings, hardware lumber. H. Bohrman, No. 514 South Spring. Noon prayer meeting daily at Penel Hall.

Dr. Cochran, Bradbury Block; tel. 371. Buy Barden's shoes. Free ships daily. Gibson is closing out on ladies' shoes. Kid glove bargains. The Unique. No old stock—all fresh at Gibson's. Northern rhubarb—Althouse Bros. Hosiery bargains. The Unique. Corset bargains. Removal sale. The Unique.

Harry Hicks, an incorrigible youth of this city, was sent to the Whittier State School yesterday.

Charles K. Lapham, an insane patient released from the Highlands Asylum several months ago on parole, was returned to that institution yesterday.

A marriage license was issued at the County Clerk's office yesterday to James S. Reynolds, of Irving, N. Y., 47 years of age, and Mrs. Joseph S. Lewis, also a native of New York, 41 years of age; both are residents of this city.

George W. Clark, arrested in Los Angeles last Saturday and returned to San Pedro for jumping a board bill, was brought to the County Jail yesterday evening to serve a sentence of twenty-five days, imposed by the justice's court of Wilmington township.

PERSONALS.

A. B. Melville and wife of Huron, S. D., are at the Nadreau.

Mr. and Mrs. John T. Norville of Chicago are at the Hollenbeck.

John S. Allen and wife of Virginia City, Mont., are registered at the Westminster.

Dr. Kierulf has returned after a professional absence of three weeks at Berkeley.

Wakefield Baker and family of San Francisco are among the Westminster guests.

Among the late arrivals at the Bellevue Terrace are Mrs. E. Bentzon, nurse and two children of London, Eng.

Late arrivals at the Abbotsford Inn include Miss B. Church Dean, Mrs. Murphy, Chicago; Mrs. C. W. Deardorff, Miss W. B. Morse, Mrs. T. J. Deardorff, Miss Dearborn, Kansas City.

POLICE COURT CLERKS.

How the New Law Will Work in This City.

A private telegram was received at the old city hall yesterday afternoon, stating that Gov. Budd had attached his signature to the bill authorizing the employment of two Police Court clerks in this city at the monthly stipend of \$125. Heretofore there has been only one Police Court clerk in name, but two in fact, each drawing down \$100 per month. Mr. Kinsey, the clerk of Justice Owen's court will now have to give \$500 bonds for the faithful performance of his duty, as well as Mr. Everett, clerk of Justice Morrison's court, who is already under bond for that amount, and has been held responsible for all the duties devolving on the clerk of the Police Court. The work will now be equalized between Mr. Everett and Mr. Kinsey and there will be no distinction whatever between their respective positions.

A Close Shave.

Harry Johnson, barkeeper for ex-Councilman Hugh Smith, arrested by Officer Baker for violation of the Sunday closing ordinance, was discharged yesterday by Justice Morrison after a brief examination. The arrest was made ten minutes after midnight and the officer could not prove conclusively that any liquor was sold after midnight, although the saloon was not closed promptly on the stroke of the clock.

COLOSSAL SALE.

Of Curios and Souvenirs at Campbell's Curio Store.

The Third Week of Our Closing-out Sale Saw Many of Our Lines Almost Entirely Gone.

We have only a few pieces left of Mexican onyx, rag figures, drawn work and filigree. These remnants will be closed out below cost this week. We still have a large stock of California souvenirs that are going cheap. Flower, fern and moss books, moss albums, all sizes in shells, missions and burros etched on orange wood, up, up, up, and corncobs, etc., and corncobs in the corn, agate, lace-work, and coral, and shell jewelry, abalone-shell puffs from 15c up; opals, scarfs and finger-rings at big bargains. We manufacture the largest and finest line of Mexican leather goods in the city. Senior Cervantes is working most of the time on order work with monograms, etc. Have him make you a handsome cardcase, purse, belt or photo frame. Our prices are the lowest. We are closing out the entire stock and at bedrock prices. See our great store collection of Indian relics. Campbell's Curio Store, No. 225 South Spring street.

LATEST styles ladies' shoes at Gibson's.

"TIS a boon to the baldheaded, Smith's Sandruff Pomade.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

CHAFING-DISH COOKERY.

A LESSON ON HASH AND WELSH RAREBIT.

What to Do with Your Brains—Mrs. Ewing Gives Her Class Sauce—Some of the Odds and Ends.

At the Y.M.C.A. Hall yesterday afternoon, Mrs. Ewing discoursed upon "Odds and Ends and Chafing-dish Cookery." The table displayed a glittering chafing dish and many plates and cups and bowls, containing various little "gobs" of material.

San Gabriel sends in samples of navel oranges from F. H. Jarow's ranch. Long Beach odds to Horace E. Birrell, lemon from Charles H. Thornberg's ranch, and flowers from Mrs. Lowe's flower garden.

As no course of lessons is complete without a consideration of scraps and "left-overs," so no kitchen equipment is complete without a chafing dish. Mrs. Ewing gave some directions for a Welsh rarebit, but passed on to the practical demonstration of plain, everyday "family hash," as of more use to the average housekeeper.

The Welsh "rabbit" was evidently a temperance bunny, suited to the Y.W.C.A., for no ale was used in the composition thereof. Mrs. Ewing gave the formula as follows: Put one cup of cheese into a chafing dish with two tablespoons of sweet cream and one teaspoonful of butter, dust with salt and red pepper, and serve on toast.

This was merely an "aside," and the grave question of hash was immediately taken up. Mixed hash is the best, and small scraps of cold veal, mutton, beefsteak and "drumsticks" make a most delectable mixture when put with an equal quantity of cold potatoes and moistened with sweet cream.

Veal chops may be dusted lightly with sugar, salted and dipped in flour before sauteing in melted butter.

In warming over meats, Mrs. Ewing uses white sauce for white meats and brown sauce for dark. For the brown sauce she browns the flour and butter and adds a dark broth; if very rich sauce is desired, add meat caramels.

In making white sauce, the butter and flour are cut in, the milk is added cold and in small ones, and stirred constantly until it is cooked.

Fried beef came up next, and the lecturer picked up a plate of something that looked like raspberries, and explained that it was the best of breakfast dishes if properly done. The dried beef, chipped fine, must be put into a skillet with melted butter and flour and cooked brown; add milk or cream, stirring until smooth, and serve with potatoes either baked or boiled.

A dish of brains, that bore a close resemblance to peanuts, came up next for discussion, and it transpired that they ought to be tied up in cheesecloth and boiled in salted water, when they were excellent as an addition to chicken croquette.

A brief lesson on croquettes followed, and, incidentally, Mrs. Ewing suggested an excellent way of disposing of the yolks of eggs left over from white cake. If cooked until hard by dropping into hot water they are excellent as an addition to various meats and stews. The lesson on odds and ends was one of the most useful in the course, and many a useful suggestion was given upon the vexed question of disposing of scraps.

Apperson All Right.

George A. Apperson, an Eastern newspaper man, in regard to whom an unavailing inquiry by telegraph was made yesterday from San Francisco, is ascertained to be residing temporarily at Mrs. R. R. Brown's, No. 74½ South Spring street.

He is one of the Chicago Herald Washington correspondents, and is off during three months' absence in pursuit of health.

According to his attending physician, Dr. J. A. Munk, six weeks ago he came to this city in a rather bad, but not by any means a hopeless condition, and though during a portion of the time he has been ill, there has been improvement in his case. At the present time he appears to be gaining surely, and hopes are entertained that he will soon be able to return to his desk in Washington, where he has achieved an enviable reputation in epistolary journalism.

MONSTER SALE.

Odds and Ends of Shoes Can be Bought Almost any Price.

A Great Many Plain Toe Ladies' Shoes, sizes 2, 2½ and 3 can be Bought Now at One-third Their Value.

The sale of odds and ends at the Mammoth Shoe House is attracting crowds of customers who are all well pleased with their purchases. The public seem to take advantage of this odds and ends sale.

If they find what they want, a surprising bargain is the result.

Besides these odds and ends the Mammoth Shoe House is receiving lots of new goods, fresh, clean and stylish. They sell cheaper than all their competitors.

They buy liberally and discount all their goods.

You can buy in that store first-class men's shoes from \$1.00 upward.

"I've got ladies' shoes from \$1 upward."

Ladies' shoes that are sold everywhere at \$1 are sold at the Mammoth for \$2.50, therefore it pays to go to that store.

Children's men's shoes are sold in same proportion.

Everybody is welcome, whether they buy or not.

There are no "fake sales" going on there.

The Mammoth is increasing its business all the time by giving the public excellent values.

Don't be mistaken in the place. There are many wrong places, but the right place is the Mammoth Shoe House, Nos. 215 and 217 South Spring street, between Third and Fourth.

PRICES reduced on ladies' shoes, Gibson's.

Dr. Edward J. Hadfield

Physician and surgeon, 210-211 Bradbury, Tel. 125. Residence, 533 Olive, Tel. 1188.

DON'T forget, Gibson is closing out, ladies' BIG bargains in curios at Campbell's.

SUFFERERS from coughs, sore throat, etc., should be constantly supplied with "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

LADIES' shoes to be closed out, Gibson's.

U. S. HOTEL rooms \$2 a week and up.

OPALS and Indian goods at Campbell's.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Renewing the Exhibits in the Big Show.

The Orange County Chamber of Commerce has placed a frame of photographs showing the Santa Ana, Orange and Anaheim homes, over their exhibit, and add to their fruit display oranges, lemons, English walnuts and chestnuts.

Pomona has also replenished her table with fresh navel oranges. The Pasadena table has received fresh exhibits from H. C. Allen, Alendale place, of Washington navel oranges, German pansies and candied violets from Miss A. B. Marsh, South Pasadena.

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Paul of this city exhibits parfactions from Ventura county.

The chamber is arranging to place a handsome stand in the fiesta procession, and are very anxious to have a team of horses for white and two others, semi-baldheaded of their colors, white and gold.

The Chamber of Commerce is in receipt of a letter from the Ogden Chamber of Commerce, warmly advocating the idea of running a railway line from Los Angeles to points in Utah, and offering all the aid in their power for the furtherance of the scheme.

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